

Unlocking the Data Economy via Digital Marketplaces

Researching governance and infrastructure patterns
in airline context.



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SURF Exhibition Booth #857



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Data
connecting business and science

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BUSINESS CONTEXT



Decreasing technology cost enables companies to collect Operational Data at exponential growing rates

Companies increasingly understand how to apply data science and machine learning to extract business value from large volumes of data.

Companies are reluctant to share data when considering the involved risk.

Emerging “hub firm” dominance: *“While creating real value for users, these companies are also capturing a disproportionate and expanding share of the value, and that’s shaping our collective economic future”.**

Affecting sharing of operational data across companies to further increase the potential of creating business value no single organization can create on its own.

* M. Iansiti, K.R. Lakhani, *Managing our hub economy*, Harvard Business Review, pg. 85-92, Sep/Oct 2017

DATA IS INCREASINGLY CONSIDERED AN ASSET

Considering value exchange and involved risk raises the main research question:

How can operational data be shared in an economically viable way, whilst providing adequate means to reduce risk?



DATA REPRESENTING VALUE IN AIRLINE CONTEXT

Improve passenger experience at airports



Improve efficiencies across multi modal logistic chains

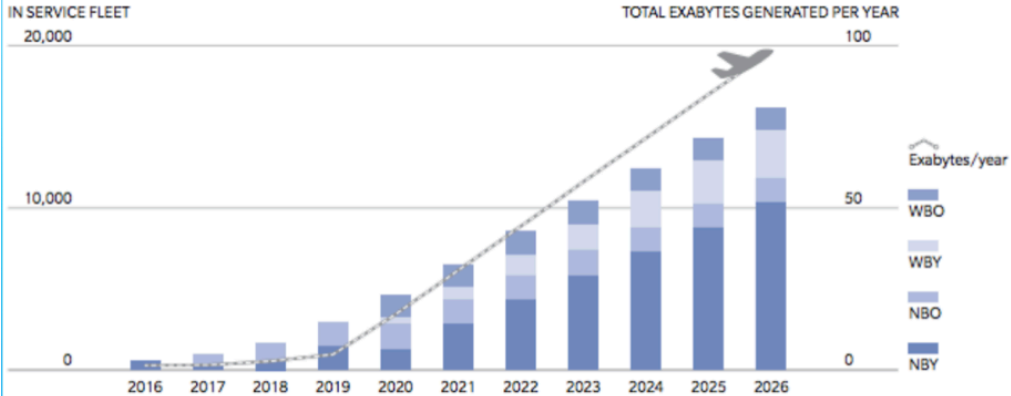


Increase fleet availability by **improving** maintenance scheduling by using **component health monitoring & prognostics**



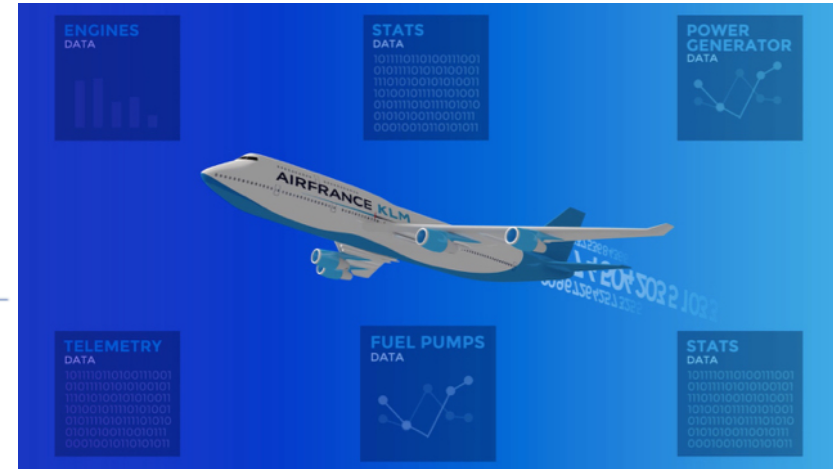
EXPECTED VOLUMES OF AIRCRAFT DATA

Exhibit 1: Data generated from projected global fleet
In 2026, the global fleet will generate 98 exabytes of data (That's 98 million terabytes or 98 billion gigabytes)



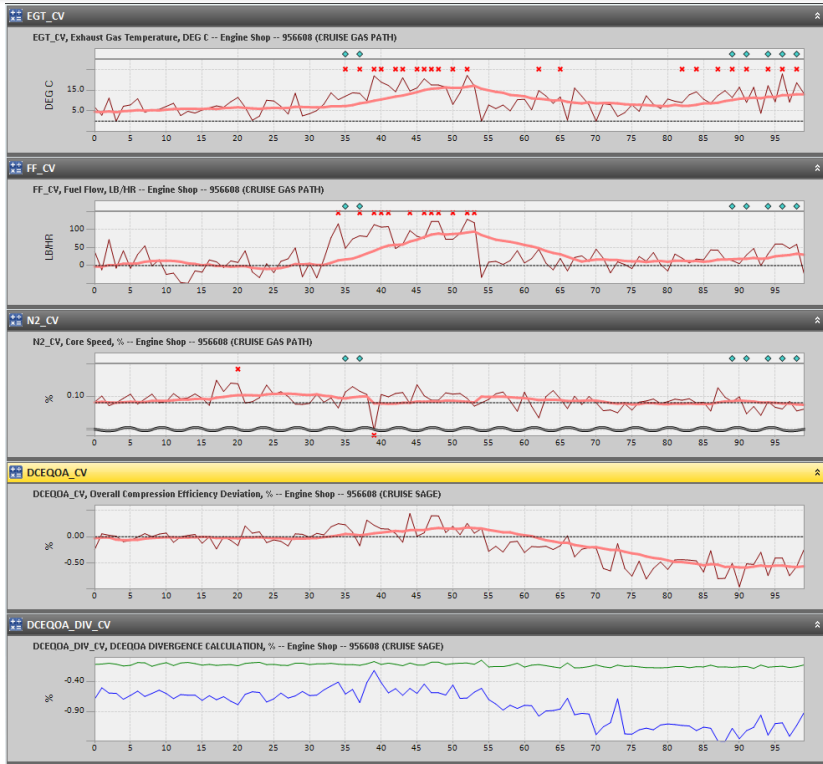
Source: Oliver Wyman Fleet & MRO Forecast, www.planestats.com/betterinsight

“Airline operators own
the operational data”
Oliver Wyman



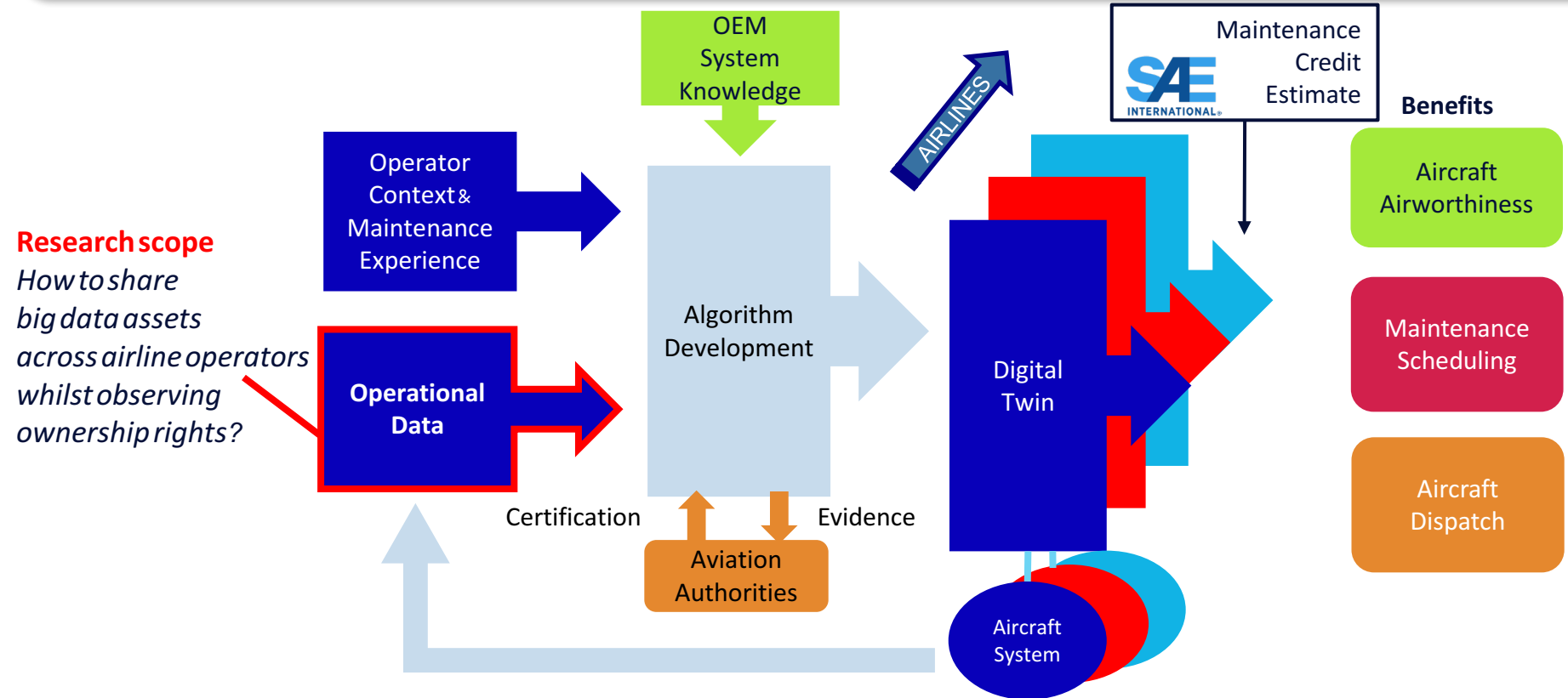
THE POWER OF DATA

DATA SHOWING ENGINE PERFORMANCE DEGRADATION



USE CASE:

DIGITAL TWIN DEVELOPMENT TO ESTIMATE MAINTENANCE CREDITS



ENABLING OPERATIONAL DATA SHARING: REQUIRES STEPS AT DIFFERENT LEVELS



Comon
benefit

- Define and agree common benefit no single organization can achieve on its own.



Group
rules

- Define consortium rules considering data use, access and benefit sharing



Organize
trust

- Organize power and trust as a means to reduce risk for participating members



Implement

- Implement power and trust via **Secure Digital Marketplace** concepts

DEFINE AND AGREE COMMON BENEFIT: DEVELOP MAINTENANCE CREDIT SYSTEM (SAE PROJECT)



Enable data sharing needed for the development of digital twins, capable of estimating an aircraft systems airworthiness credit:

- Each time when the digital twin obtains the most recent data from its physical twin.
- Airworthiness credit estimates can be obtained from zero hour onwards.

Allowing improvements to air safety, passenger experience and additional cost reductions by:

- avoiding unplanned maintenance
- increasing maintenance planning flexibility
- moving from fixed interval planning to maintenance when indicated
- less disruptions by avoiding 'Aircraft On Ground' situations

ALGORITHM DEVELOPMENT: NEED FOR DATA SHARING INVOLVING RISK



Algorithm development will need contribution from multiple parties:

- Operational data collected from physical systems, based on agreement with operators (may inherently require pilot consent)
- Data & engineering knowledge from manufacturer
- Data & repair experience from certified maintenance organizations
- Data & day to day operational knowledge from operators
- Flight context (weather, geologic factors, environment,..)
- Etc.

allowing the development of powerful solutions operators can choose from.

Consequently: sharing data, experience and knowledge across multiple organizations enabling such algorithm development **will carry risk.**

Trust is considered as a means to reduce risk: Must therefore be arranged and implemented prior to implementing data sharing between organizations.

ESTABLISHING GROUP MEMBERSHIP RULES:

RE-USE AN EXISTING FRAMEWORK



Start with minimal set and expand as experience is gained.
Re-use existing industry umbrella by involving e.g.



Topic's for discussion:

- Member eligibility (e.g. certification requirements)
- Member roles (data supplier, algorithm supplier, consumer..)
- Member interaction rules (offer, contracts, execution, ..)
- Membership in competing markets
- Standards and conduct (including indemnity and limitation of liability)
- Member Obligations
- Data supplier rules
- Algorithm supplier rules
- Marketplace operations
- Service provider requirements
- Financial settlement
- Auditing & dispute settlement
- ...

ORGANIZE TRUST AS A MEANS TO REDUCE RISK*

SECURE DIGITAL MARKETPLACE IS ONE WAY



Risk:

Compliancy (privacy, anti-trust,..)

Liability (evidence in legal case)

Unwanted disclosure of IP (competition)

Loss of ownership (economic value)

Enabling additional oversight (cost)

etc., etc...



Performing research in collaboration with
University of Amsterdam Faculty of Law

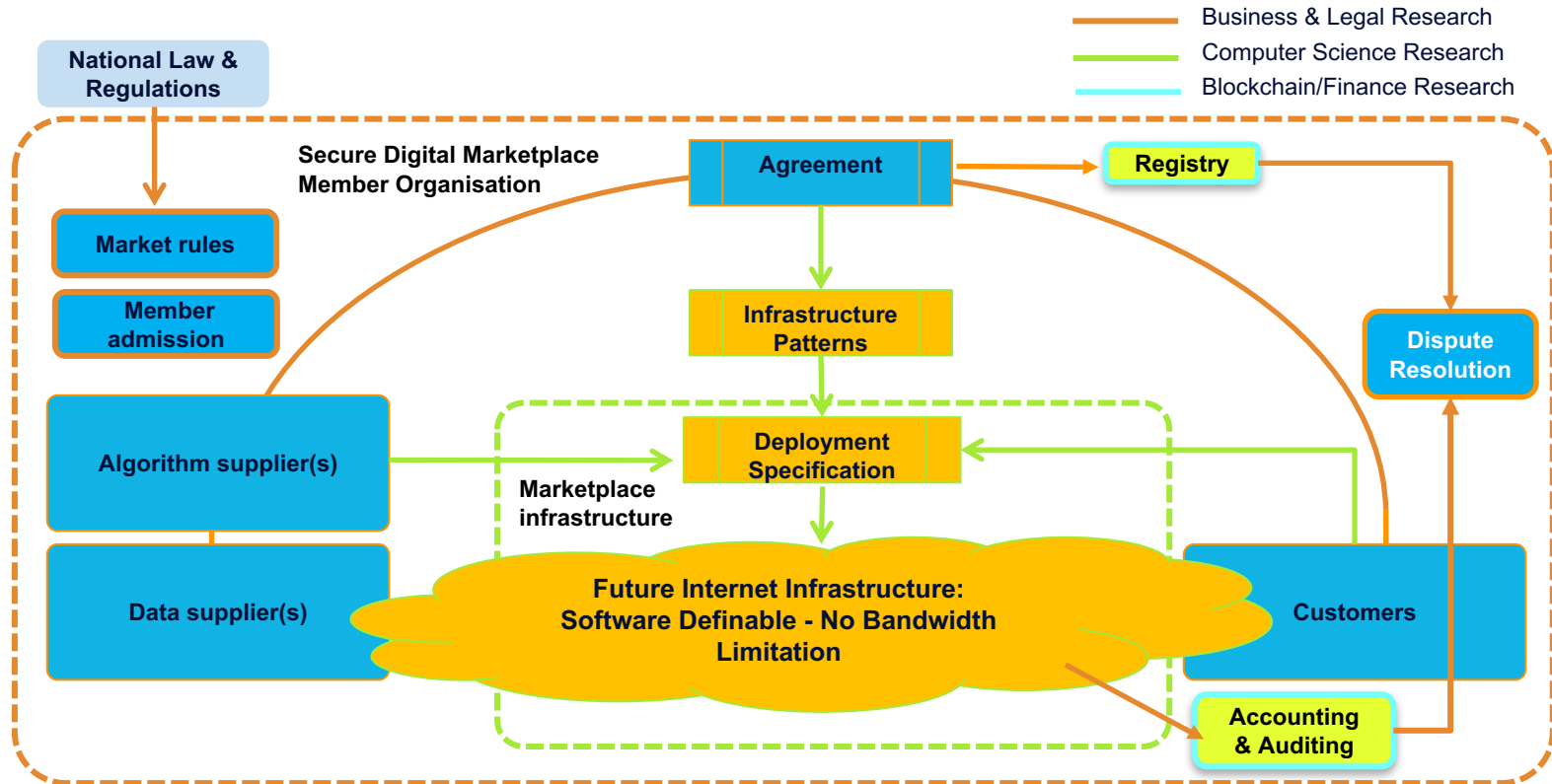
Means:

Trust and **power** are both means capable of reducing risk

How to **organize trust and power**? -> **The Secure Digital Market Place concept**

*) Chapter 5 PhD thesis "Multi-domain authorization for e-Infrastructures", Leon Gommans, UvA 2014.

SECURE DIGITAL MARKETPLACE CONCEPT: COMBINED BUSINESS, LEGAL AND COMPUTER SCIENCE RESEARCH

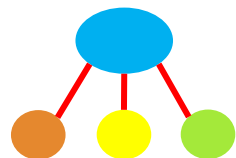


RESEARCHING IMPLEMENTATIONS: INVOLVING RESEARCH AND INDUSTRY

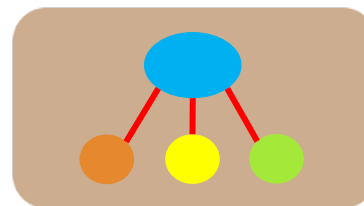


GLOBAL RESEARCH INFRASTRUCTURES

Data Sharing
Infrastructure
Model
Research
using Future
Internet
capabilities



GLOBAL DATACENTER INFRASTRUCTURES

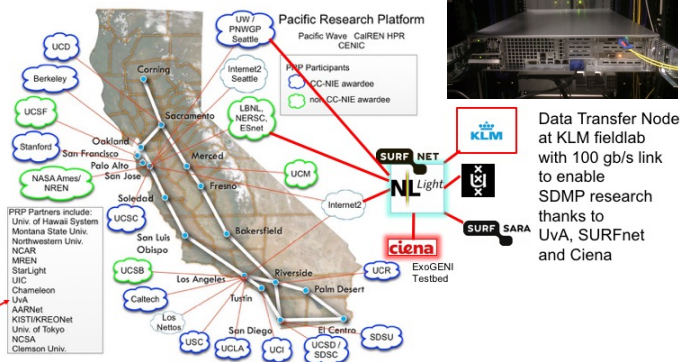


How to create a Global Digital Marketplace Ecosystem



prp.ucsd.edu

As foundation
of the
National
Research
Platform





















AM3 and AM4
Datacenters
Amsterdam
Science Park
SV10
Datacenter
Silicon Valley



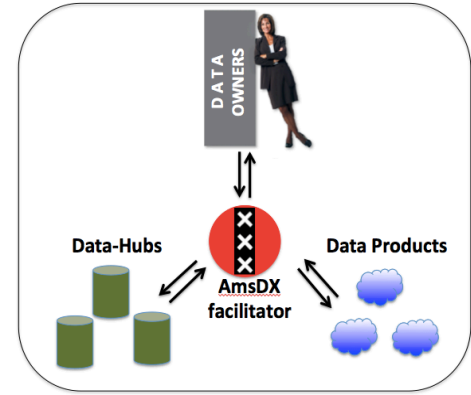
ENVISAGED IMPLEMENTATIONS: INVOLVING RESEARCH AND ECONOMIC INITIATIVES



Envisaged Research test-bed

Funding Agency	 Big Data Hub or Industry initiative funding		 Topsector Funding	
International Networking				
Regional / National Networking				
Local University				
Aircraft MRO & OEM				
Industry Standards Body	 SAE AeroSpace Group HM-1 working group Use Case on accelerometer sensor Big Data			

Envisaged Economic Use



Open Digital Market

UNLOCKING THE DATA ECONOMY

CONCLUSION



Enterprises join a membership organization to achieve a common goal *no single enterprise can achieve on its own*



Membership rules are defined by rulemaking & standards processes, subsequently execution, enforcement and judgement is organized by membership organization as *a means to reduce risk.*



Members arrange data sharing and processing via *agreements deployed in an infrastructure*, provided by a secure digital market place owned by its members.



Members *achieve common benefits in a transparent way.* Members trust its operation based on use of accounting & auditing mechanisms, relying on market dispute resolution mechanisms.