

Lambda's between reception and buffet

www.science.uva.nl/~deLaat

Cees de Laat

GigaPort
EU

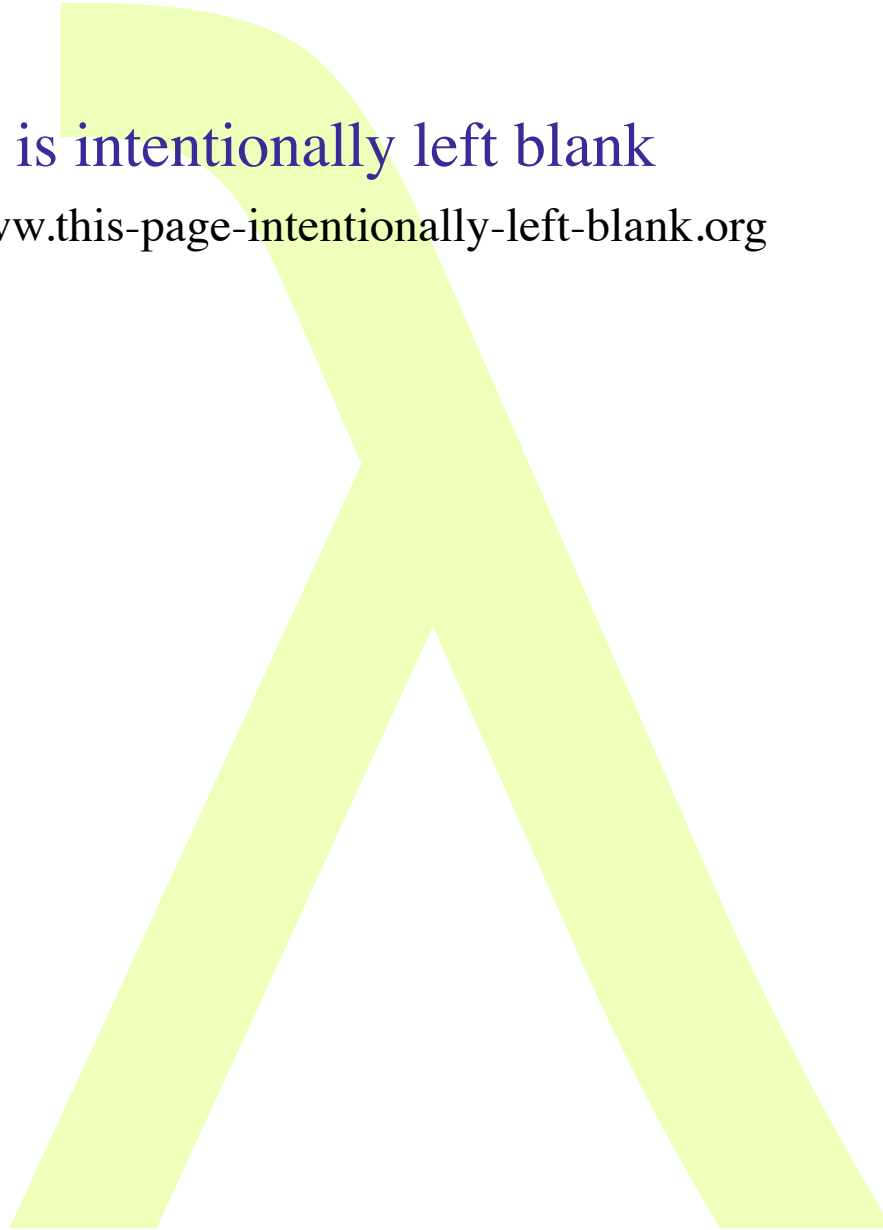
University of Amsterdam

SARA
NCF



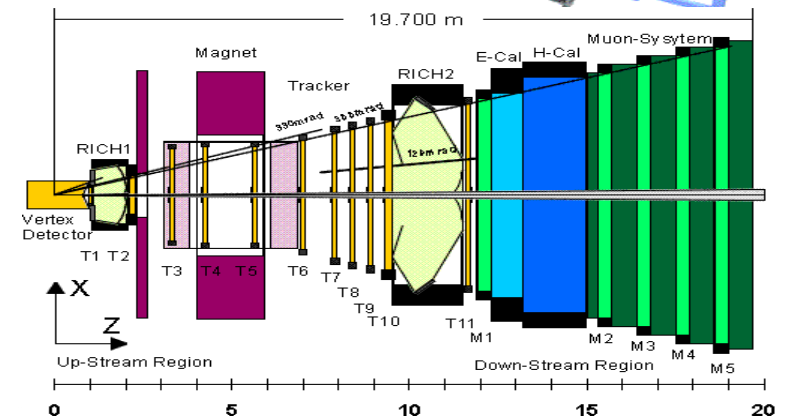
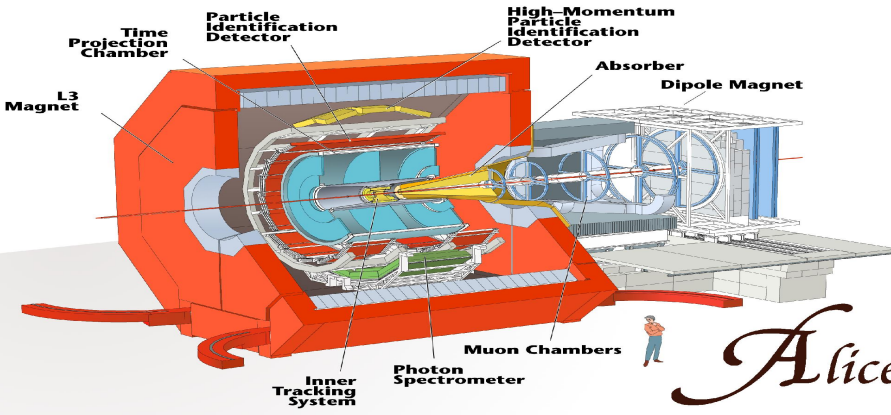
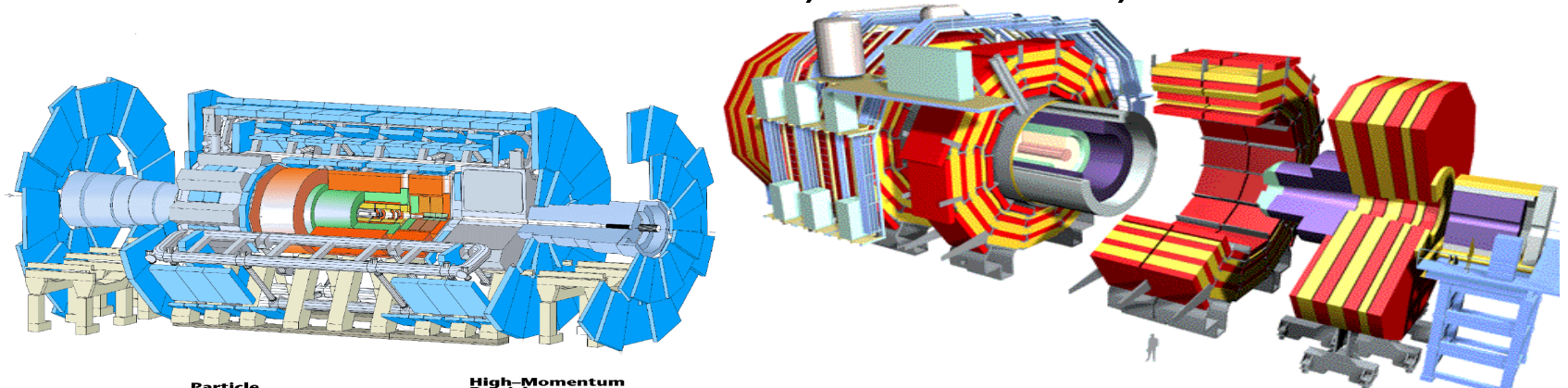
Contents of this talk

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 - Ref: www.this-page-intentionally-left-blank.org



Four LHC Experiments: The Petabyte to Exabyte Challenge

ATLAS, CMS, ALICE, LHCb



6000+ Physicists & Engineers; 60+ Countries; 250 Institutions

Tens of PB 2008; To 1 EB by ~2015
Hundreds of TFlops To PetaFlops

VLBI

VLBI is easily capable of generating many Gb of data per

The sensitivity of the VLBI array scales with

(data-rate) and there is a strong push to

Rates of 8Gb/s or more are entirely feasible

under development. It is expected that parallel

correlator will remain the most efficient approach

distributed processing may have an application

multi-gigabit data streams will aggregate into large

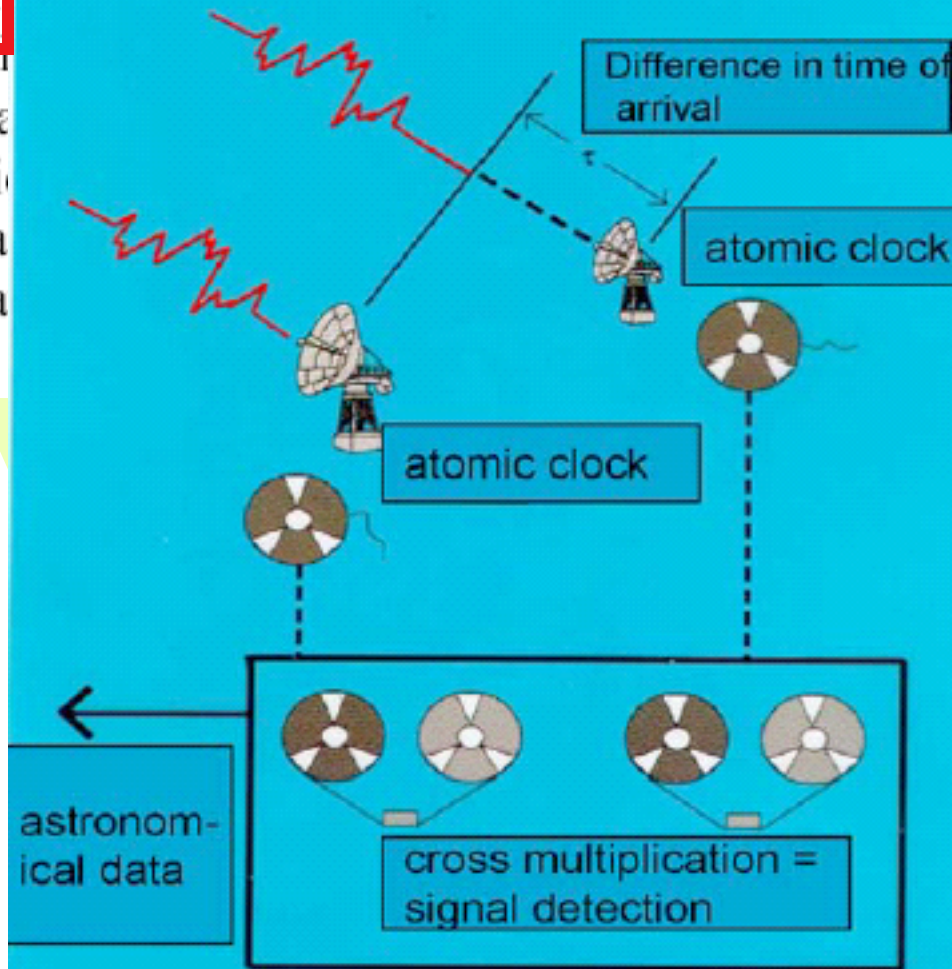
and the capacity of the final link to the data

center.

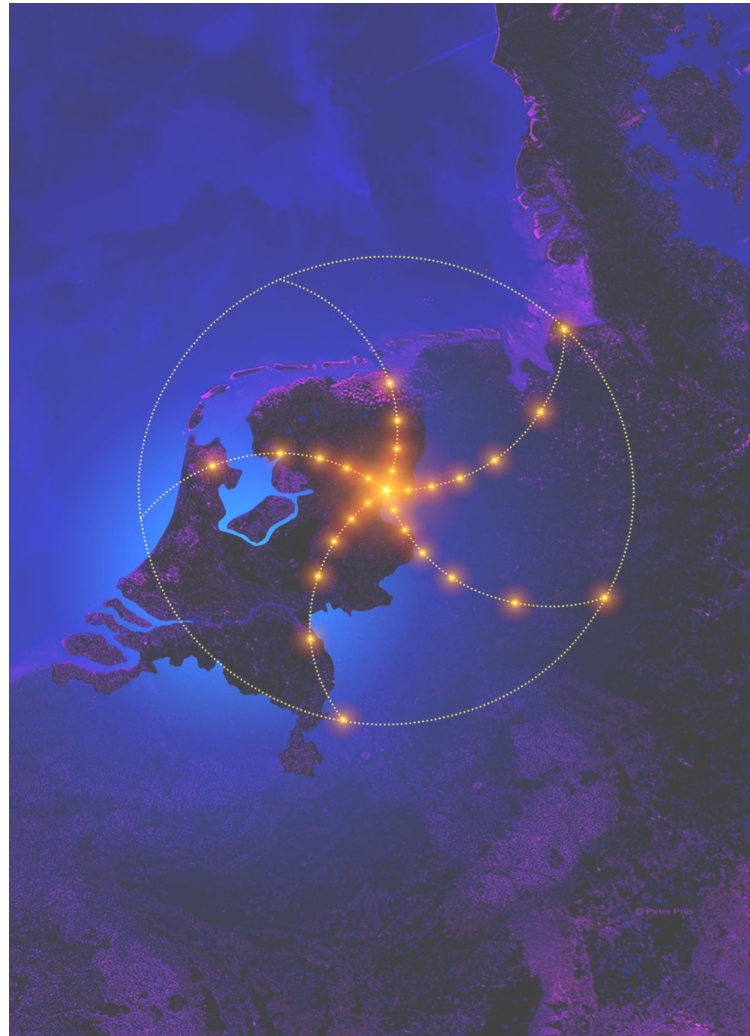


Westerbork Synthesis Radio Telescope - Netherlands

VLBI configuration



Lambdas as part of instruments

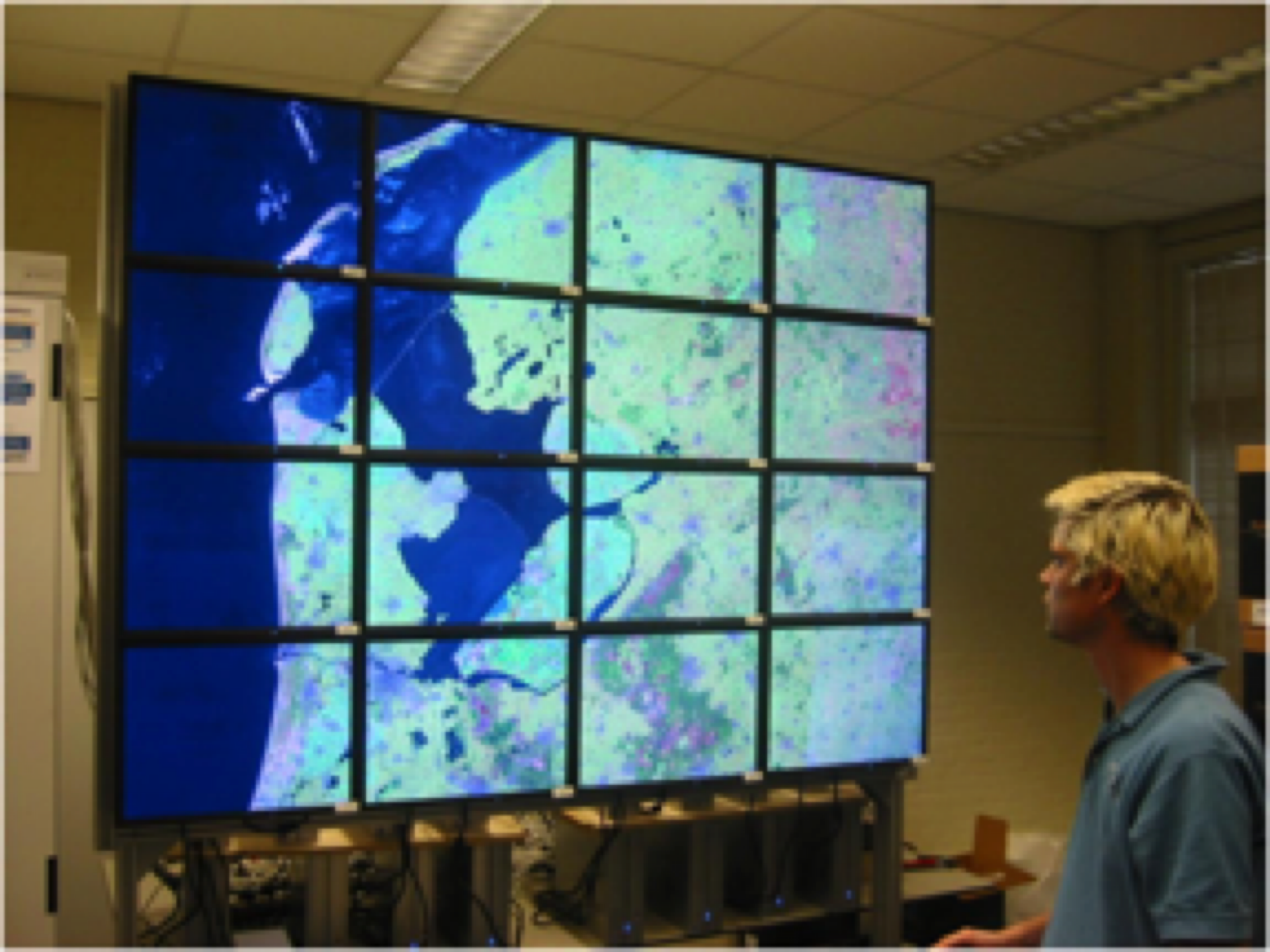


www.lofar.org

1 - 45 Tbit/s,

<http://www.lofar.org/p/systems.htm>

<http://web.haystack.mit.edu/lofar/technical.html>



Grids

Showned you:

- **Computational Grids**
 - HEP and LOFAR analysis requires massive CPU capacity
- **Data Grid**
 - Storing and moving HEP, Bio and Health data sets is major challenge
- **Instrumentation Grids**
 - Several massive data sources are coming online
- **Visualization Grids**
 - Data object (TByte sized) inspection, anywhere, anytime

users



A. Lightweight users, browsing, mailing, home use

Need full Internet routing, one to many

B. Business applications, multicast, streaming, VPN's, mostly LAN

Need VPN services and full Internet routing, several to several + uplink

C. Special scientific applications, computing, data grids, virtual-presence

Need very fat pipes, limited multiple Virtual Organizations, few to few

$\Sigma C \gg 100 \text{ Gb/s}$

$\Sigma B \approx 40 \text{ Gb/s}$

$\Sigma A \approx 20 \text{ Gb/s}$

A

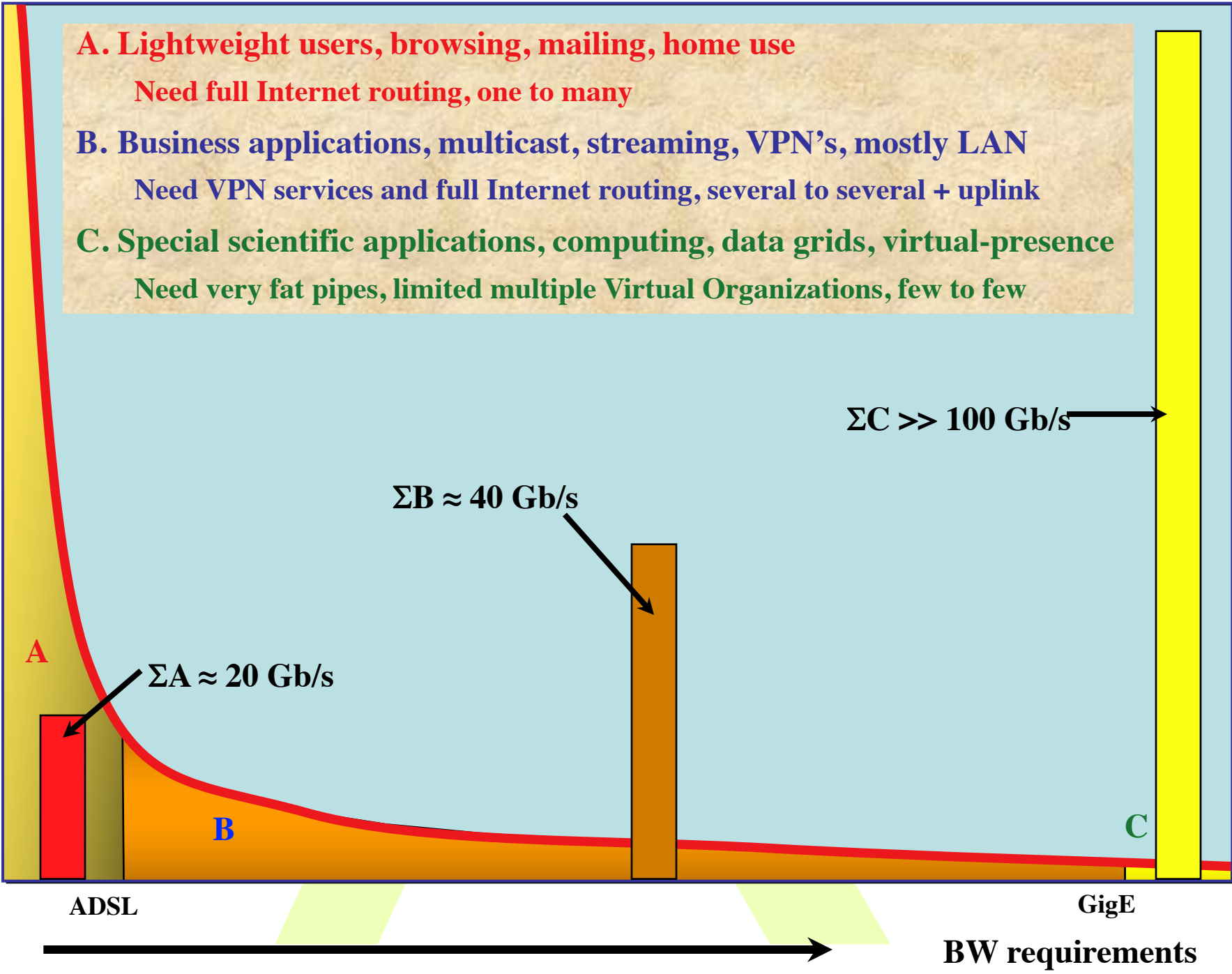
B

C

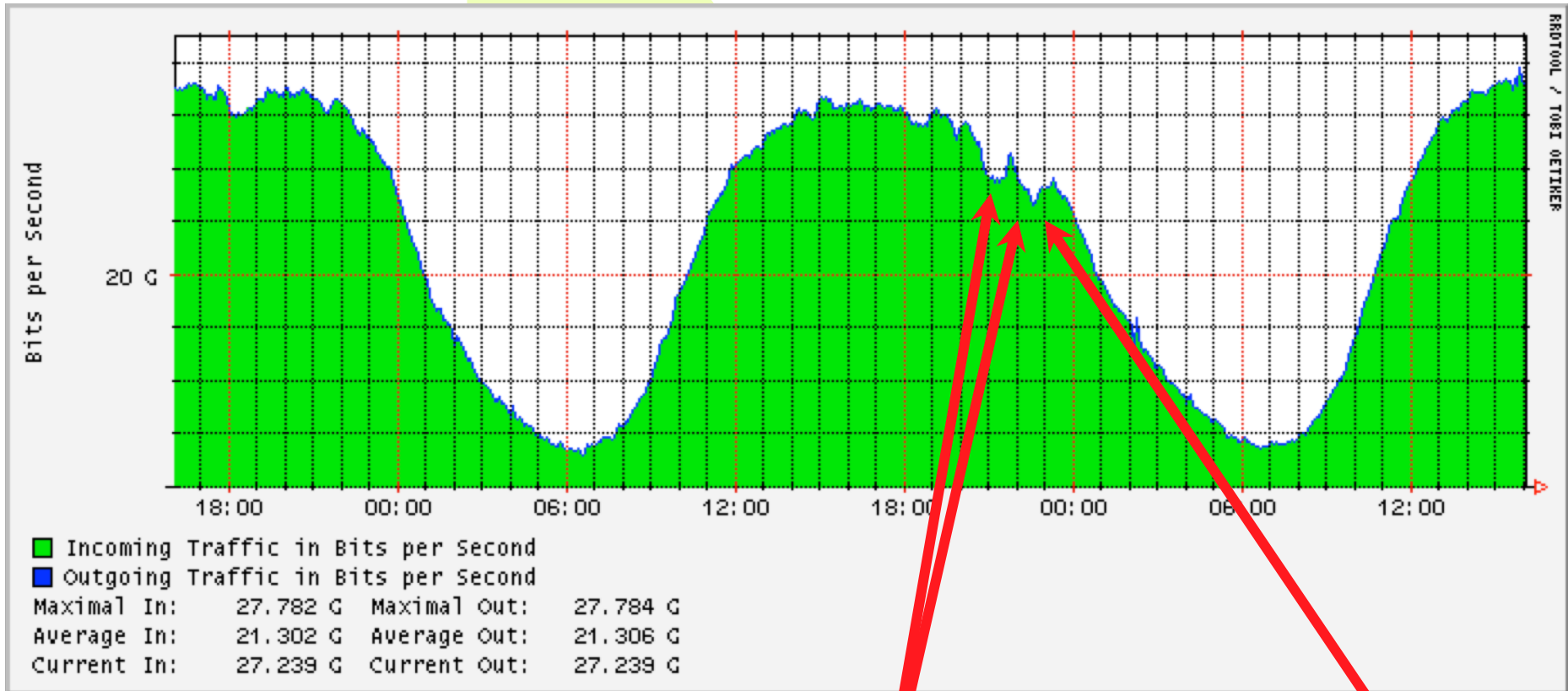
ADSL

GigE

BW requirements



AMS-IX



June 19th 2004

Lost :-('

European championship football **Holland -- Czech Republic**

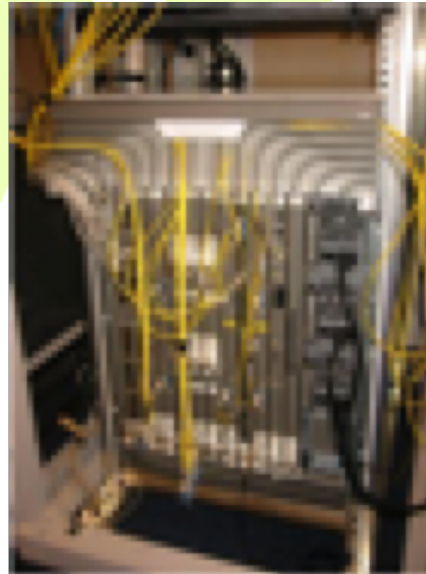
So what?

- **Costs of optical equipment 10% of switching 10 % of full routing equipment for same throughput**
 - 10G routerblade -> 100-300 k\$, 10G switch port -> 10-20 k\$, MEMS port -> 0.7 k\$
 - DWDM lasers for long reach expensive, 10-50k\$ (???)
- **Bottom line: look for a hybrid architecture which serves all classes in a cost effective way (A -> L3 , B -> L2 , C -> L1)**
- **Give each packet in the network the service it needs, but no more**

L1 - 0.7 k\$/port



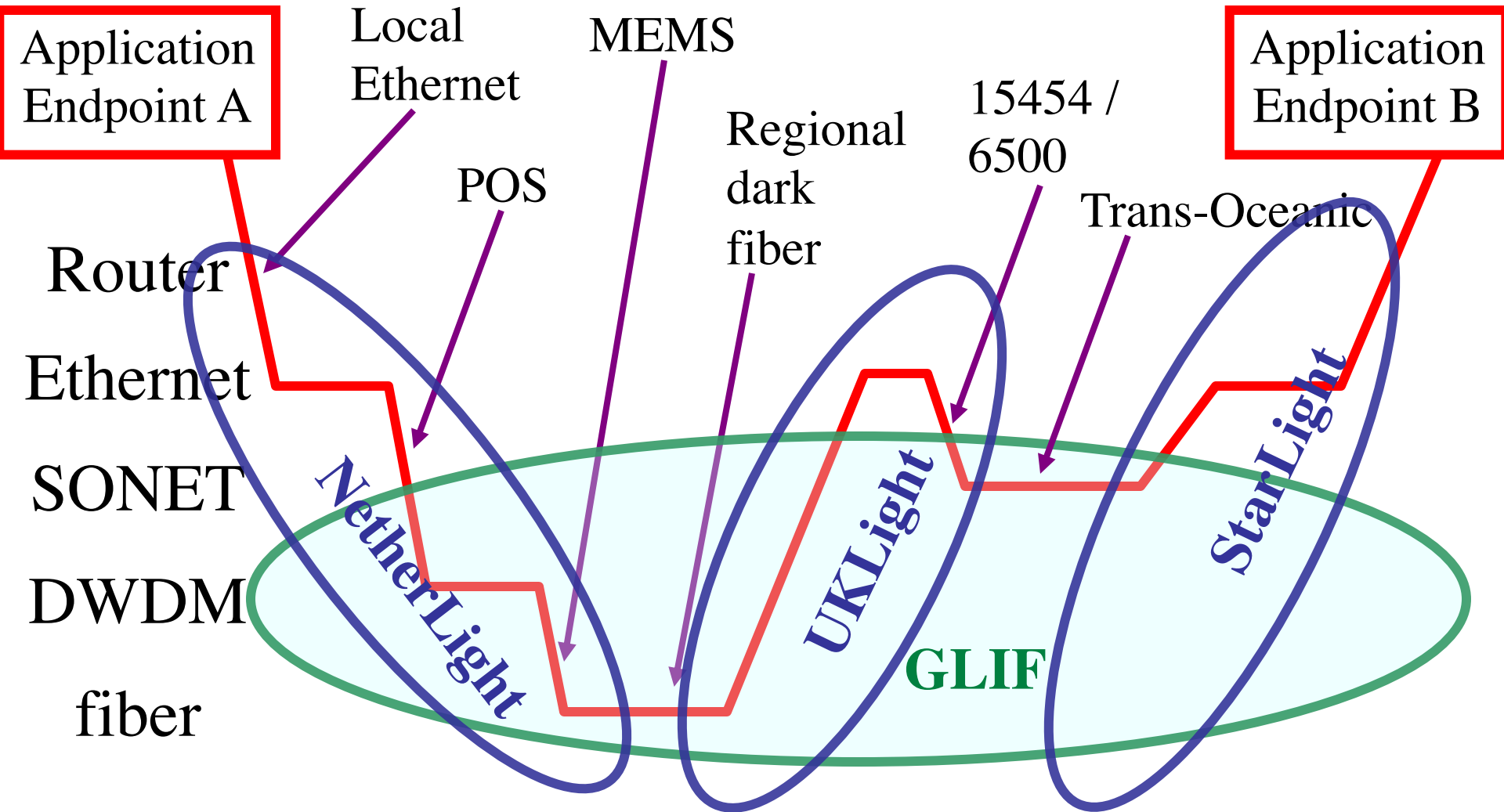
L2 - 10-20 k\$/port



L3 - 100-300 k\$/port

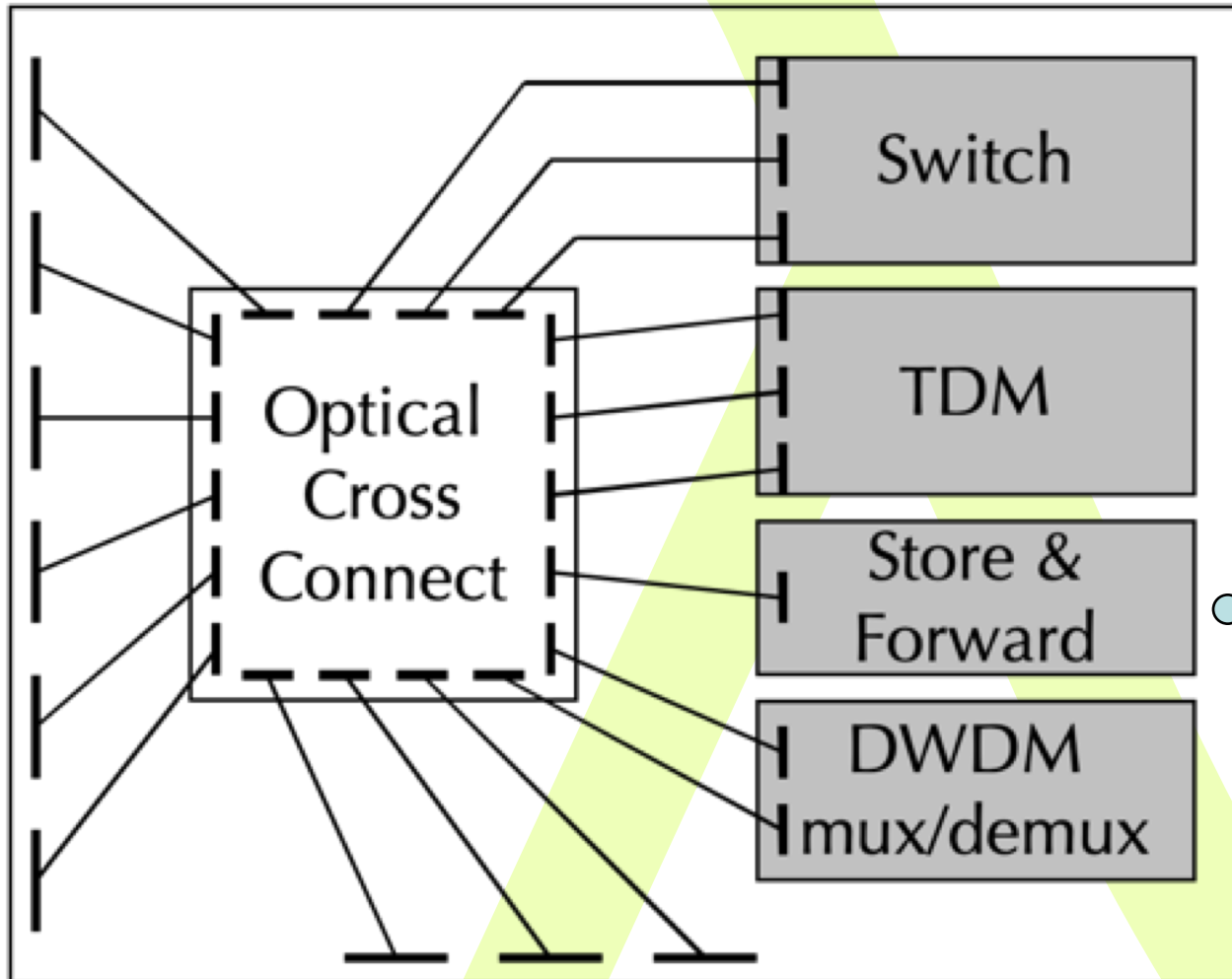


How low can you go?



Optical Exchange as Black Box

Optical Exchange



TeraByte
Email
Service

GLIF: Global Lambda Integrated Facility

- Established at the 3rd Lambda Grid Workshop, August 2003 in Reykjavik, Iceland
- Collaborative initiative among worldwide NRENs, institutions and their users
- A world-scale Lambda-based Laboratory for application and middleware development

GLIF vision: To build a new grid-computing paradigm, in which the central architectural element is optical networks, not computers, to support this decade's most demanding e-science applications.



GLIF Q3 2004



Visualization courtesy of
Bob Patterson, NCSA.

SURFnet fibers

(pict outdated anytime ;-)

StarLight

NY

UK

NN

CZ

CERN

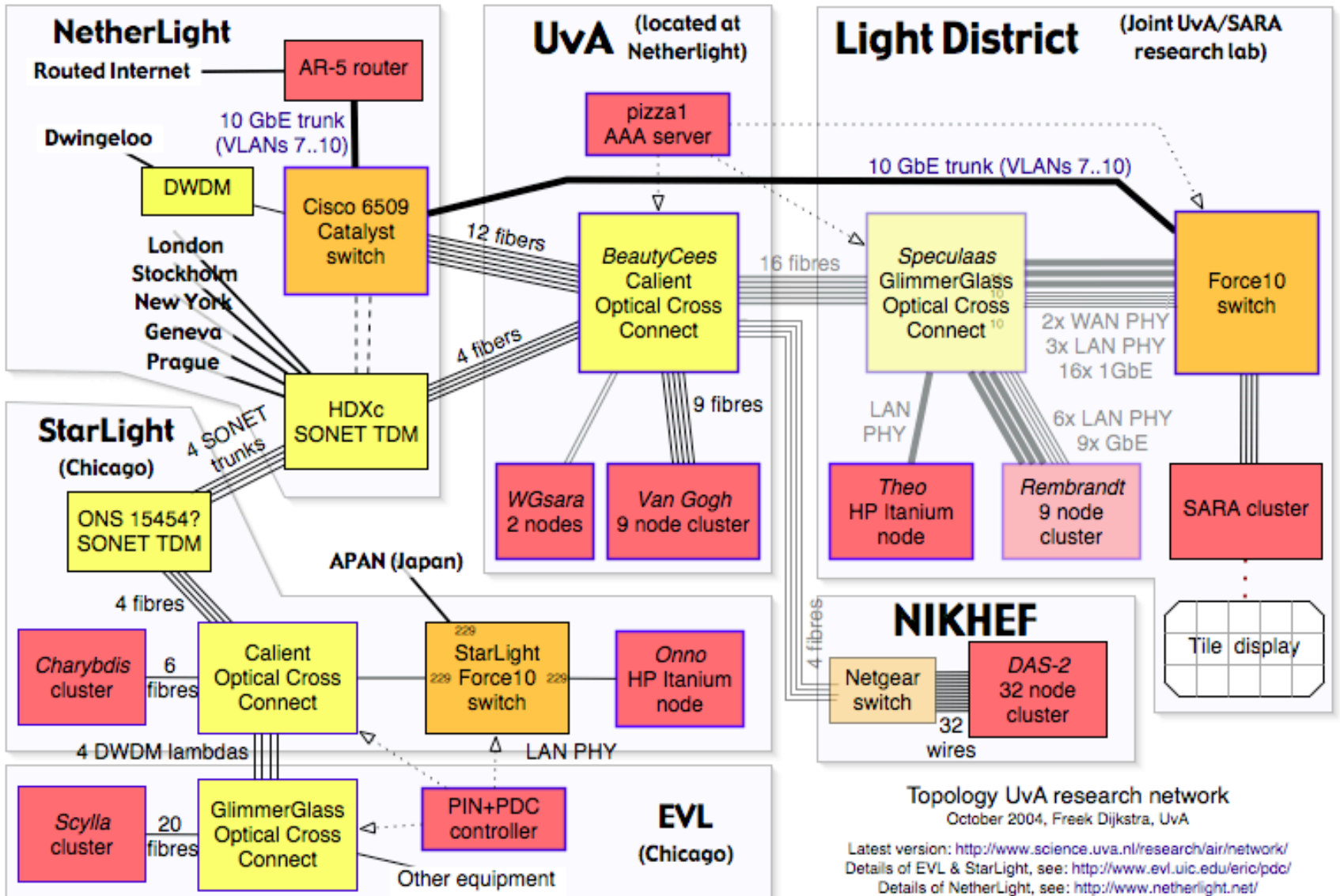
Legenda

- Managed dark fiber
- Hoofdaansluitpunten
- Aansluitpunten
- Aantal Fiberparen aflopend van 1
- SURFnet5 netwerk
Dubbel uitgevoerd




SURFnet6 entirely based on own dark fiber
Over 5300 km fiber pairs available today; average price paid for 15 year IRUs: < 6 EUR/meter per pair

LightHouse







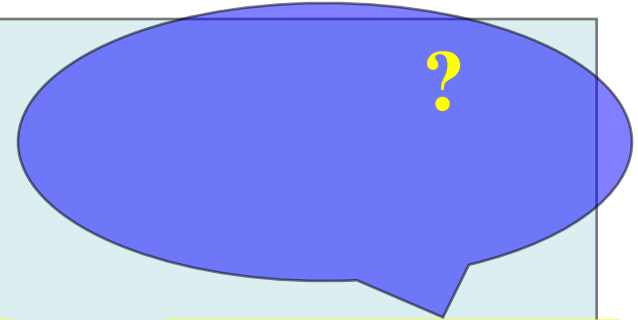
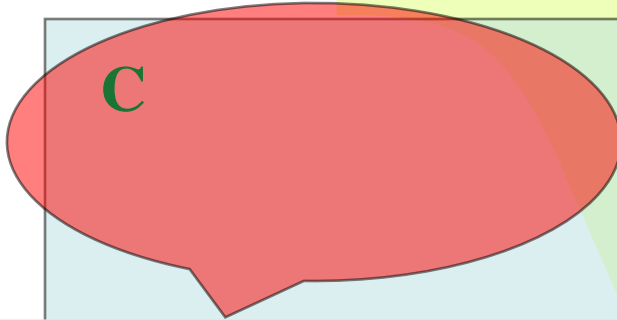


Link to web site

<http://pb-cdl.local/~delaat/sc2004/>

Transport in the corners

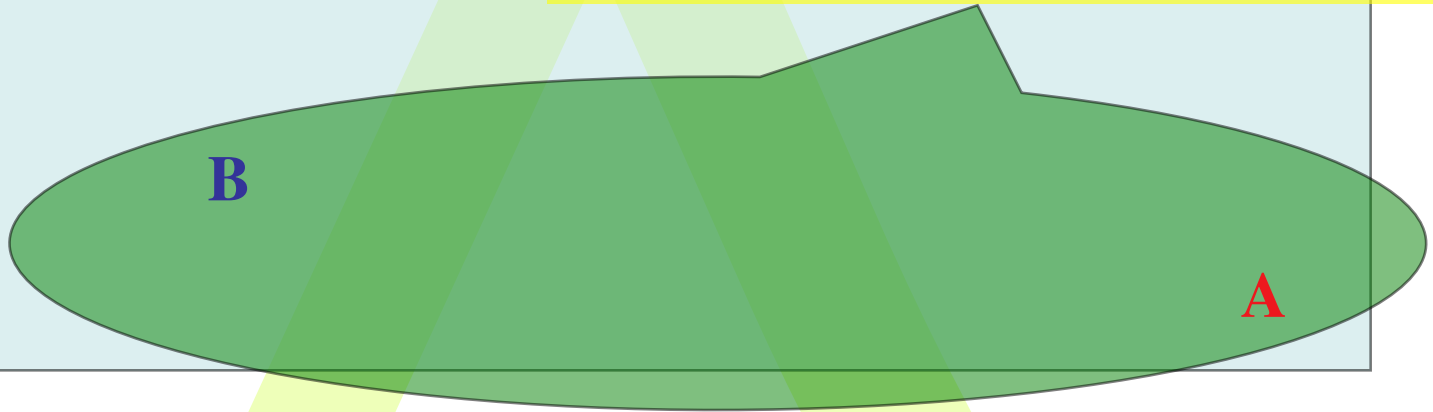
$BW * RTT$



Needs more App & Middleware interaction

Full optical future

For what current Internet was designed



FLOWS

Not quite The END

Thanks to

SURFnet: Kees Neggers, UIC&iCAIR: Tom DeFanti, Joel Mambretti, CANARIE: Bill St. Arnaud

Freek Dijkstra, Hans Blom, Leon Gommans, Bas van oudenaarde, Arie Taal, Pieter de Boer, Bert Andree, Martijn de Munnik, Antony Antony, Rob Meijer, VL-team.



Partially complete list:

- Caas
- Chase
- Cess
- Kess
- Case

The END

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Caas
Chase
Cess
Kess
Case

[1957-2004]



SURFnet

sara

Computing & Networking Services