

Lambda-Grid developments

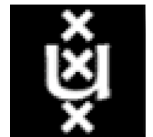
www.science.uva.nl/~deLaat

Cees de Laat

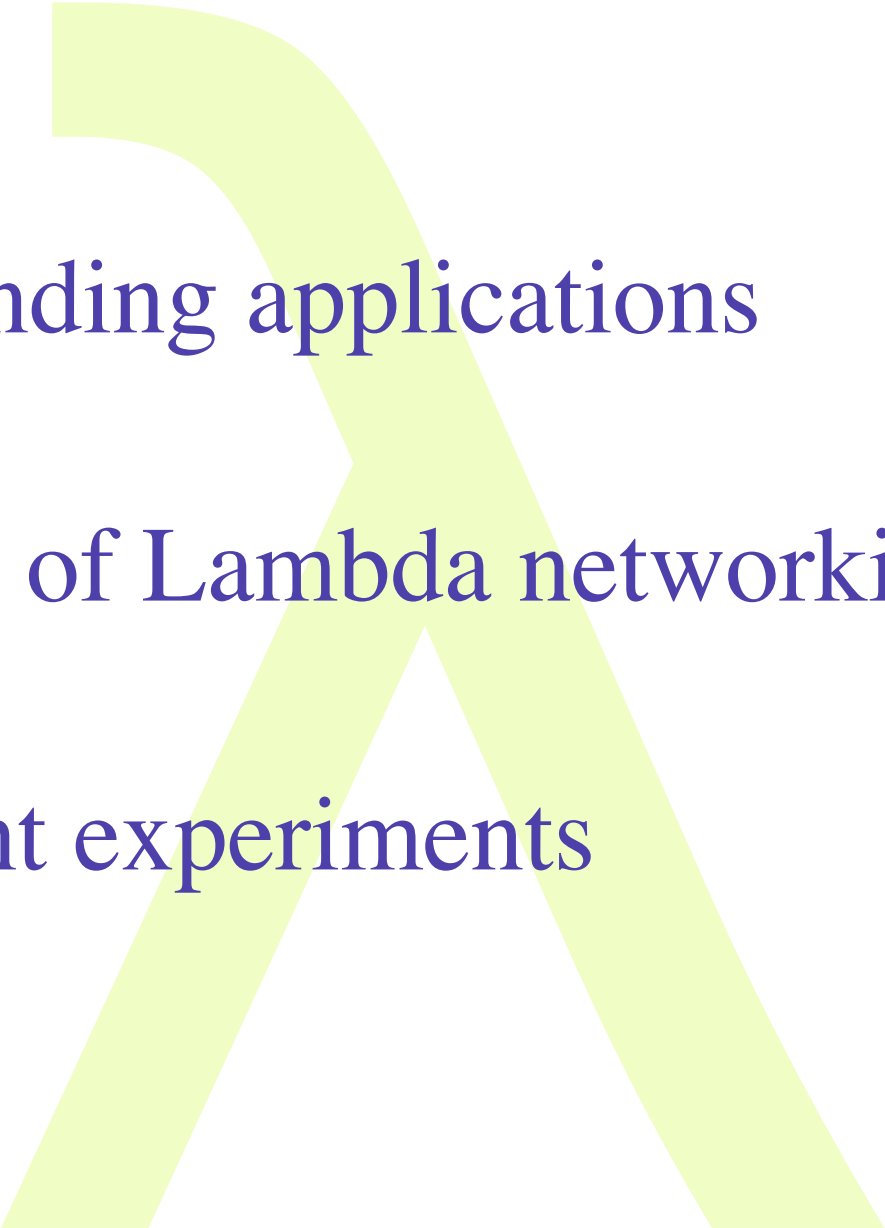
GigaPort
EU

University of Amsterdam

SARA
NCF



Contents of this talk

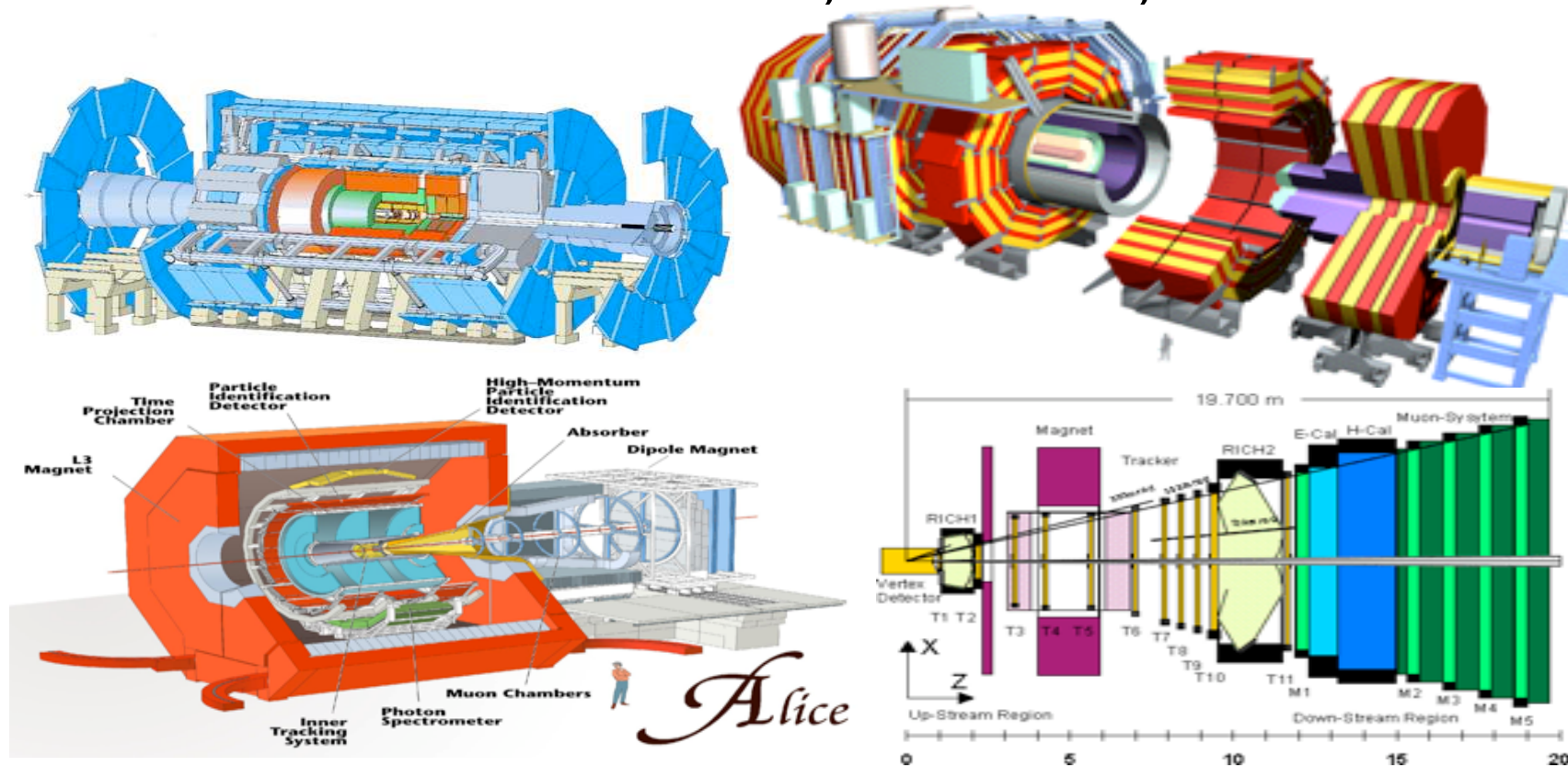
- 
- Demanding applications
 - Model of Lambda networking
 - Current experiments

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Four LHC Experiments: The Petabyte to Exabyte Challenge

- **ATLAS, CMS, ALICE, LHCb**



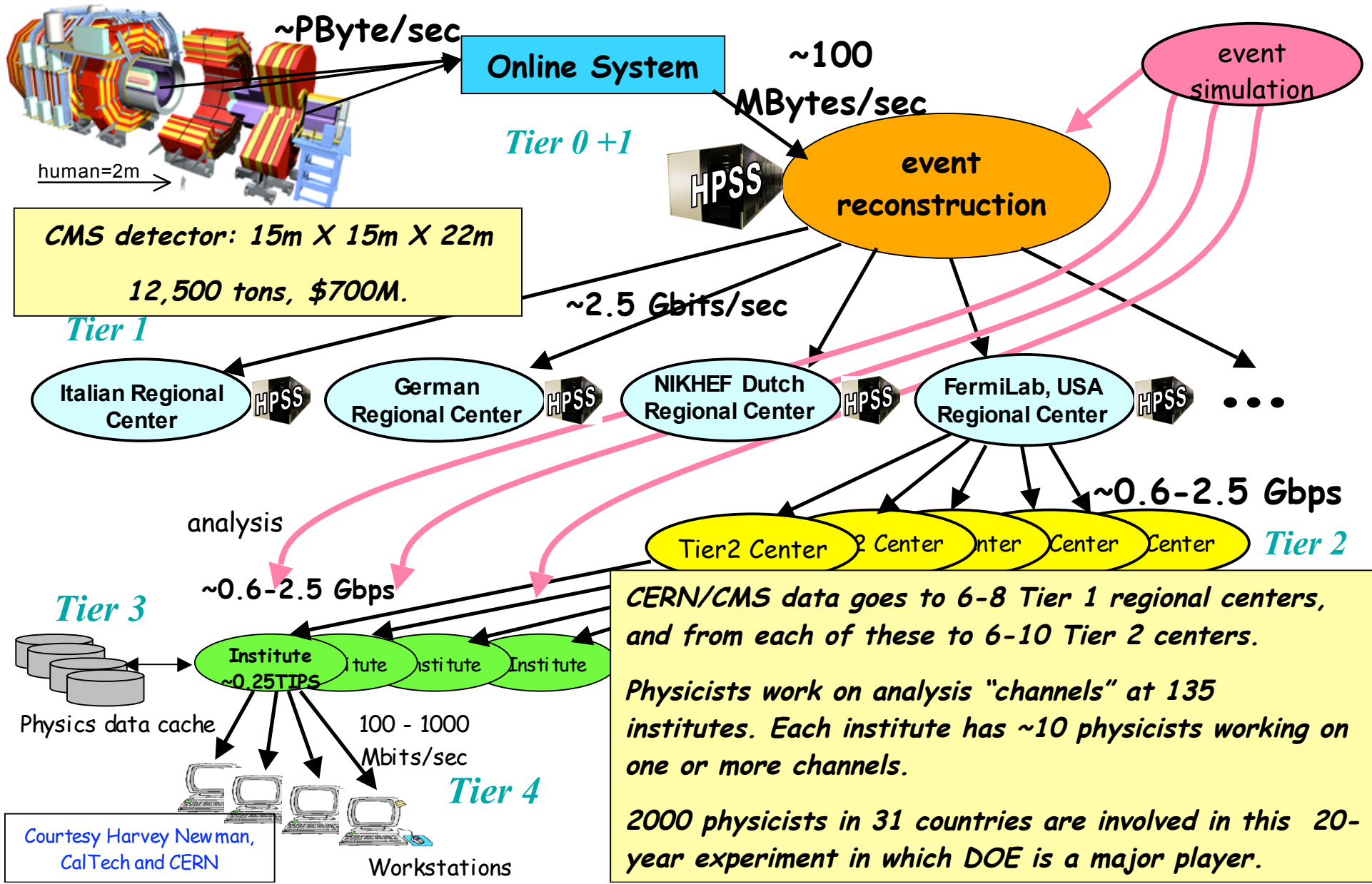
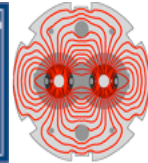
6000+ Physicists & Engineers; 60+ Countries; 250 Institutions

Tens of PB 2008; To 1 EB by ~2015
Hundreds of TFlops To PetaFlops



LHC Data Grid Hierarchy

CMS as example, Atlas is similar



Courtesy Harvey Newman, CalTech and CERN

VLBI

VLBI is easily capable of generating many Gb of data per

The sensitivity of the VLBI array scales with

(data-rate) and there is a strong push to

Rates of 8Gb/s or more are entirely feasible

development. It is expected that parallel

correlator will remain the most efficient approach

s distributed processing may have an application

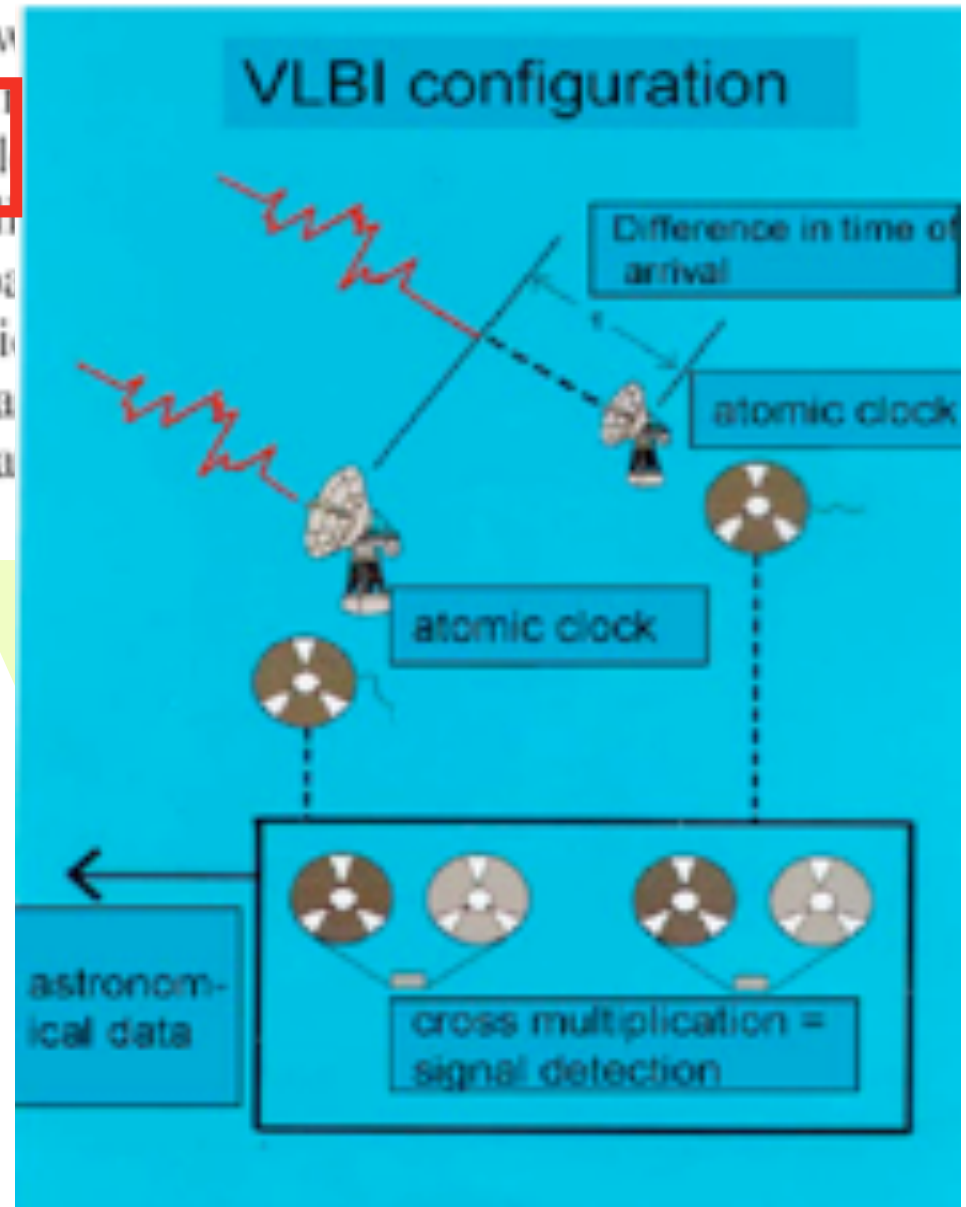
ulti-gigabit data streams will aggregate into larger

or and the capacity of the final link to the data

center.



Westerbork Synthesis Radio Telescope - Netherlands



Lambdas as part of instruments

GigaPort



www.lofar.org

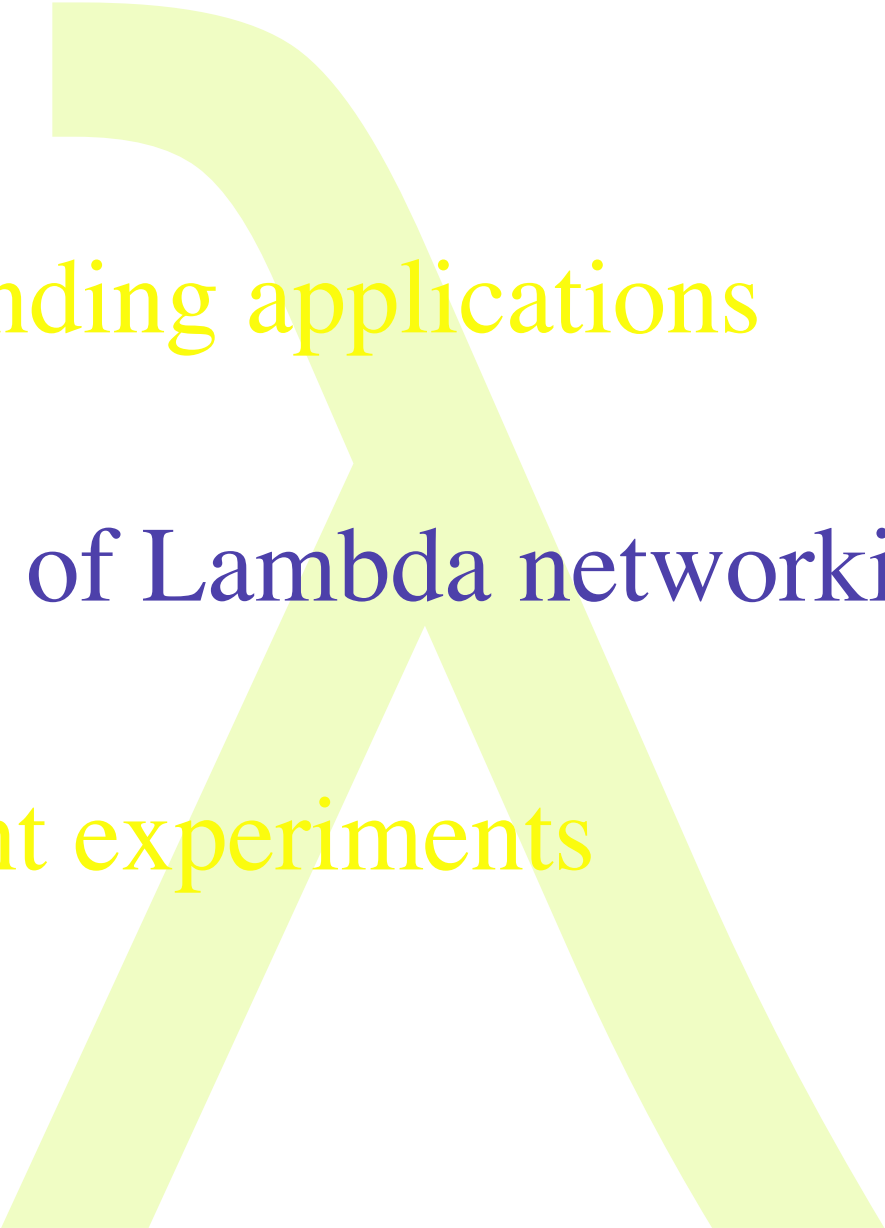
SURF/net
/

OptIPuter Project Goal: Scaling to 100 Million Pixels

- **JuxtaView (UIC EVL) for PerspecTile LCD Wall**
 - Digital Montage Viewer
 - 8000x3600 Pixel Resolution~30M Pixels
- **Display Is Powered By**
 - 16 PCs with Graphics Cards
 - 2 Gigabit Networking per PC

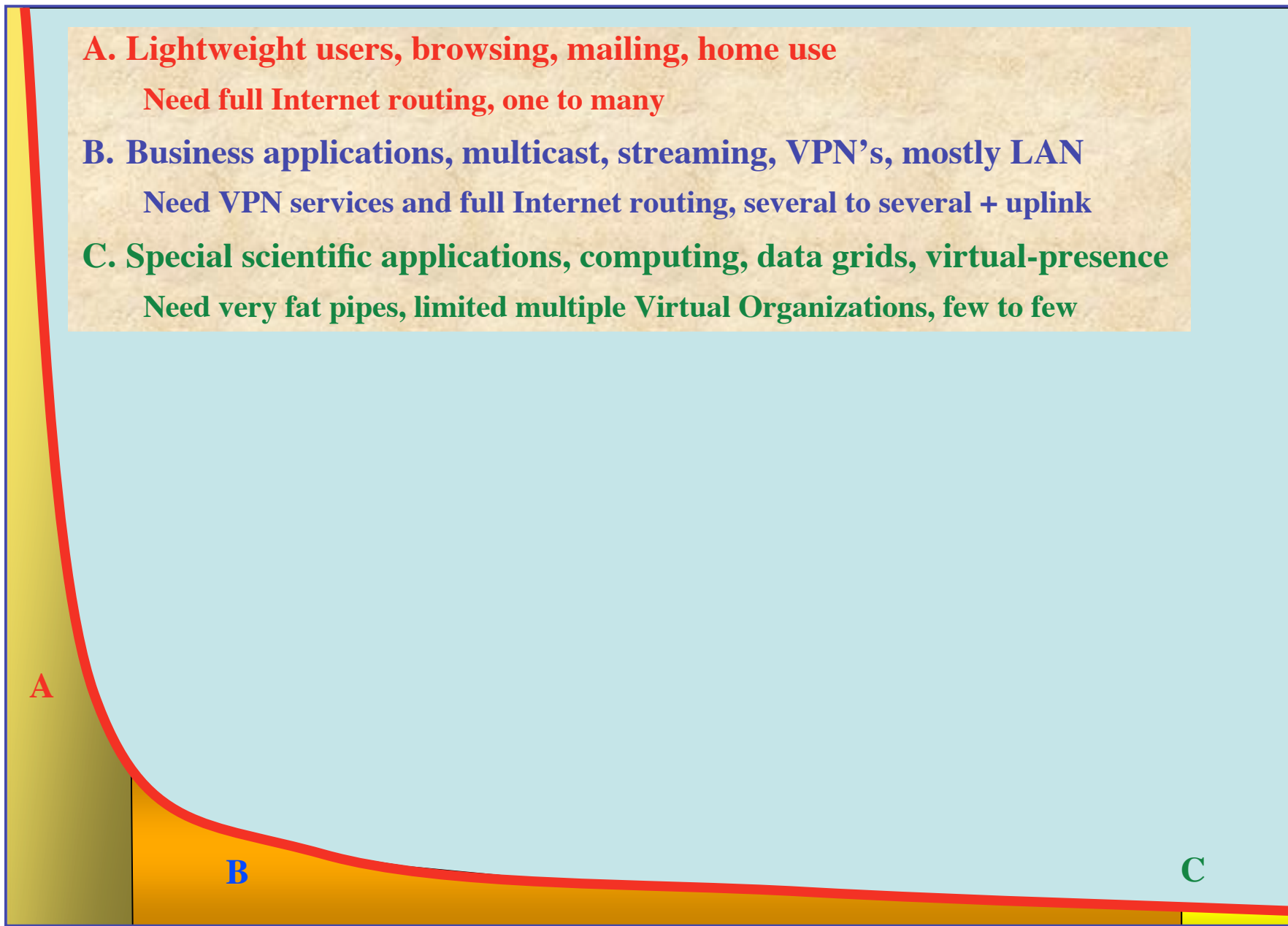


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- A. Lightweight users, browsing, mailing, home use**
Need full Internet routing, one to many
- B. Business applications, multicast, streaming, VPN's, mostly LAN**
Need VPN services and full Internet routing, several to several + uplink
- C. Special scientific applications, computing, data grids, virtual-presence**
Need very fat pipes, limited multiple Virtual Organizations, few to few



ADSL

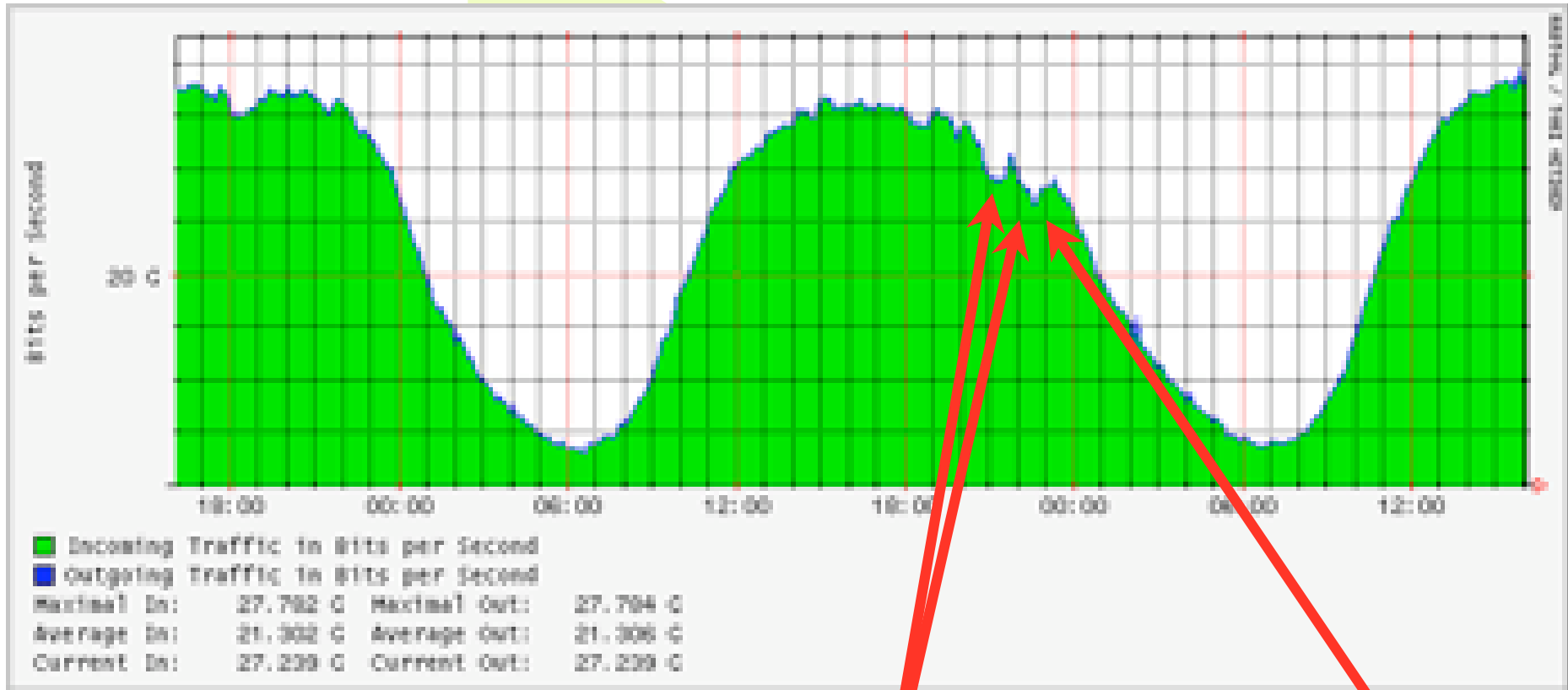
GigE

BW requirements

The Dutch Situation

- **Estimate A**
 - 17 M people, 6.4 M households, 25 % penetration of 0.5-2.0 Mb/s ADSL, 40 times under-provisioning ==> 20 Gb/s

AMS-IX



June 19th 2004

Lost :-(

European championship football **Holland -- Czech Republic**

The Dutch Situation

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- 17 M people, 6.4 M households, 25 % penetration of 0.5-2.0 Mb/s ADSL, 40 times under-provisioning ==> 20 Gb/s

- **Estimate B**

- SURFnet has 10 Gb/s to about 12 institutes and 0.1 to 1 Gb/s to 180 customers, estimate same for industry (overestimation) ==> 20-40 Gb/s

The Dutch Situation

- **Estimate A**
 - 17 M people, 6.4 M households, 25 % penetration of 0.5-2.0 Mb/s ADSL, 40 times under-provisioning \implies 20 Gb/s
- **Estimate B**
 - SURFnet has 10 Gb/s to about 12 institutes and 0.1 to 1 Gb/s to 180 customers, estimate same for industry (overestimation) \implies 20-40 Gb/s
- **Estimate C**
 - Leading HEF and ASTRO + rest \implies 80-120 Gb/s
 - LOFAR \implies \approx 26 Tbit/s

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$\Sigma C \gg 100 \text{ Gb/s}$

$\Sigma B \approx 40 \text{ Gb/s}$

$\Sigma A \approx 20 \text{ Gb/s}$

A

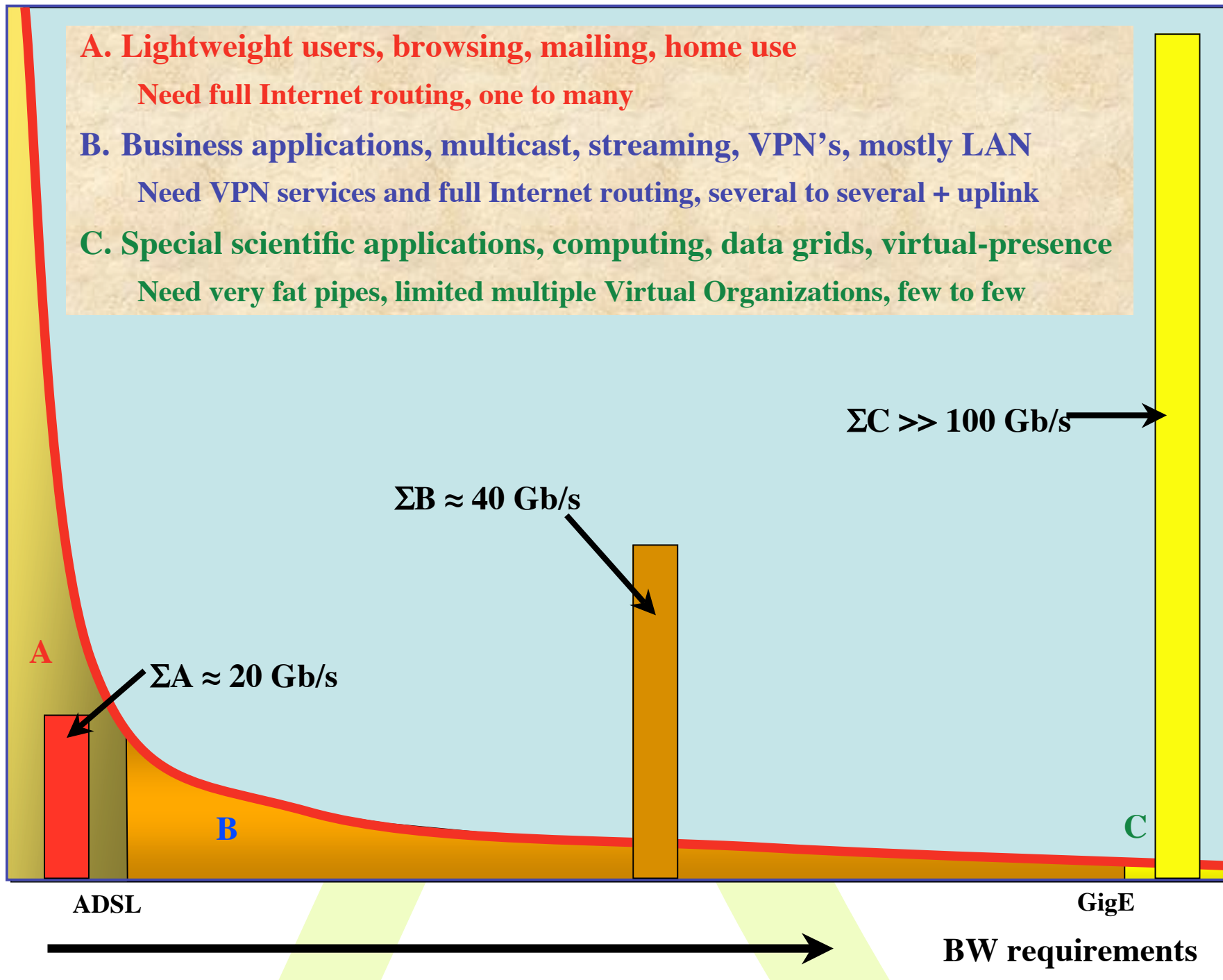
B

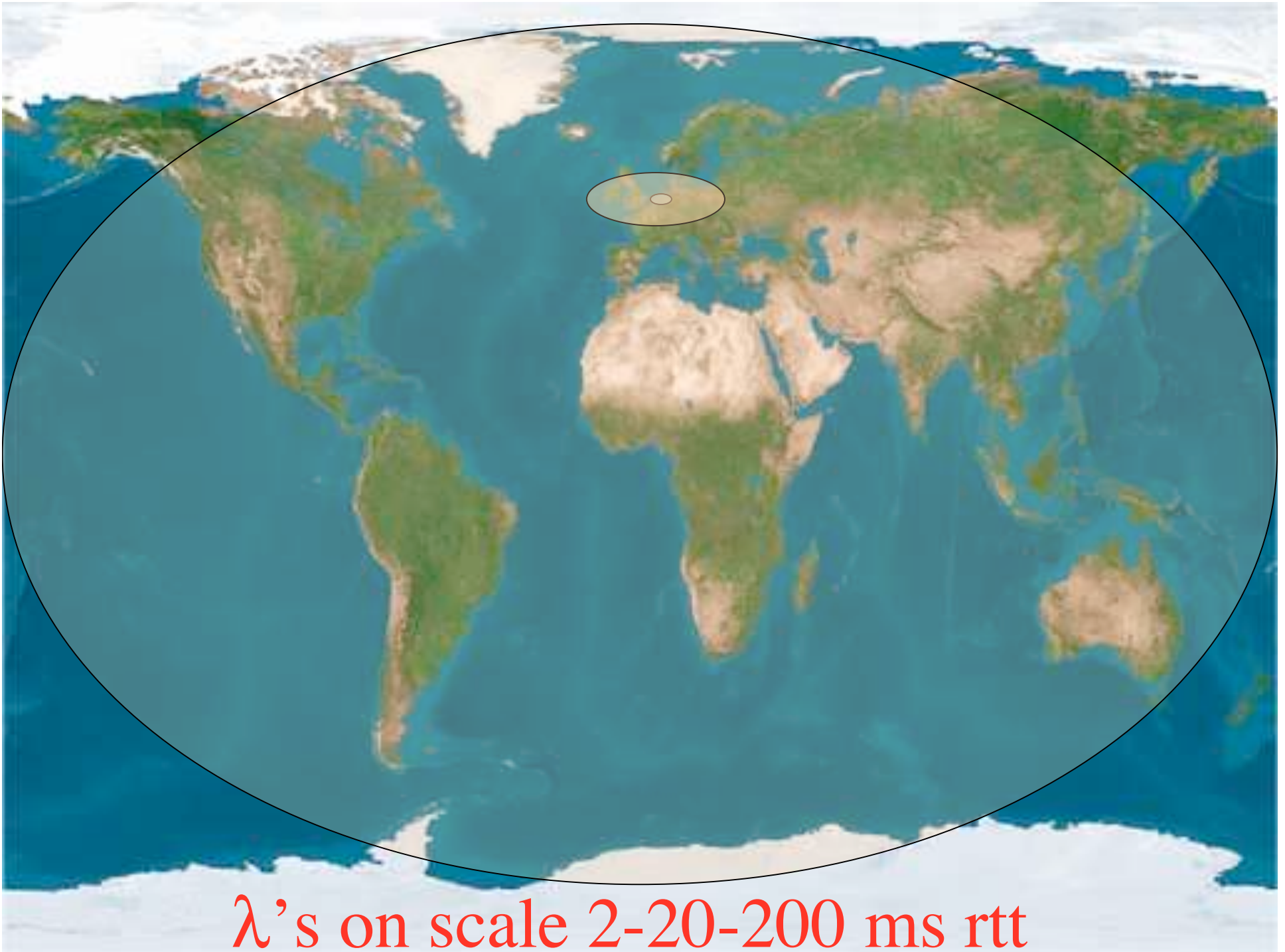
C

ADSL

GigE

BW requirements





λ 's on scale 2-20-200 ms rtt

So what are facts

- **Costs of fat pipes (fibers) are one-third of cost of equipment to light them up**
 - Is what Lambda salesmen tell me
- **Costs of optical equipment 10% of switching 10 % of full routing equipment for same throughput**
 - 10G routerblade -> 200-400 k\$, 10G switch port -> 20 k\$, Mems port -> 1 k\$
 - 100 Byte packet @ 40 Gbit/s -> 20 ns -> time to look up destination in 140 kEntries routing table (light speed from me to you!)
- **Bottom line: look for a hybrid architecture which serves all classes in a cost effective way (A -> L3 , B -> L2 , C -> L1)**
- **Look at worldwide ethernet infrastructure:**
 - Tested 10 Gbit/s Ethernet WANPHY Amsterdam-CERN
 - <http://www.surfnet.nl/en/publications/pressreleases/021003.html>

UVA/EVL's

64*64

Optical Switch

@ NetherLight

in SURFnet POP @

SARA

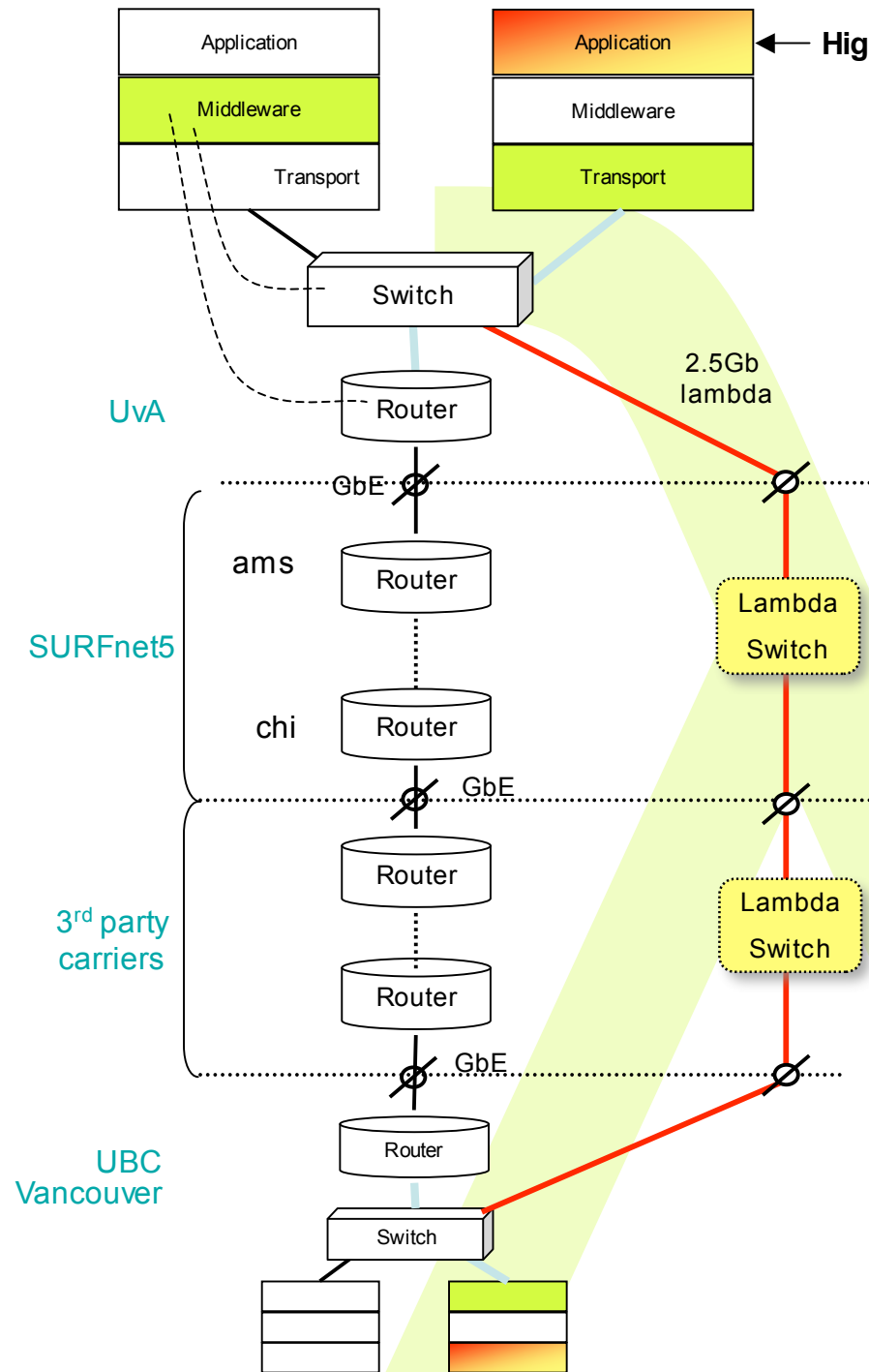
Costs 1/100th of a
similar throughput
router

or 1/10th of an
Ethernet switch but
with specific services!



Services

SCALE CLASS	2 Metro	20 National/ regional	200 World
A	Switching/ routing	Routing	ROUTER\$
B	Switches + E-WANPHY VPN's	Switches + E-WANPHY (G)MPLS	ROUTER\$
C	dark fiber DWDM MEMS switch	DWDM, TDM / SONET Lambda switching	Lambdas, VLAN's SONET Ethernet

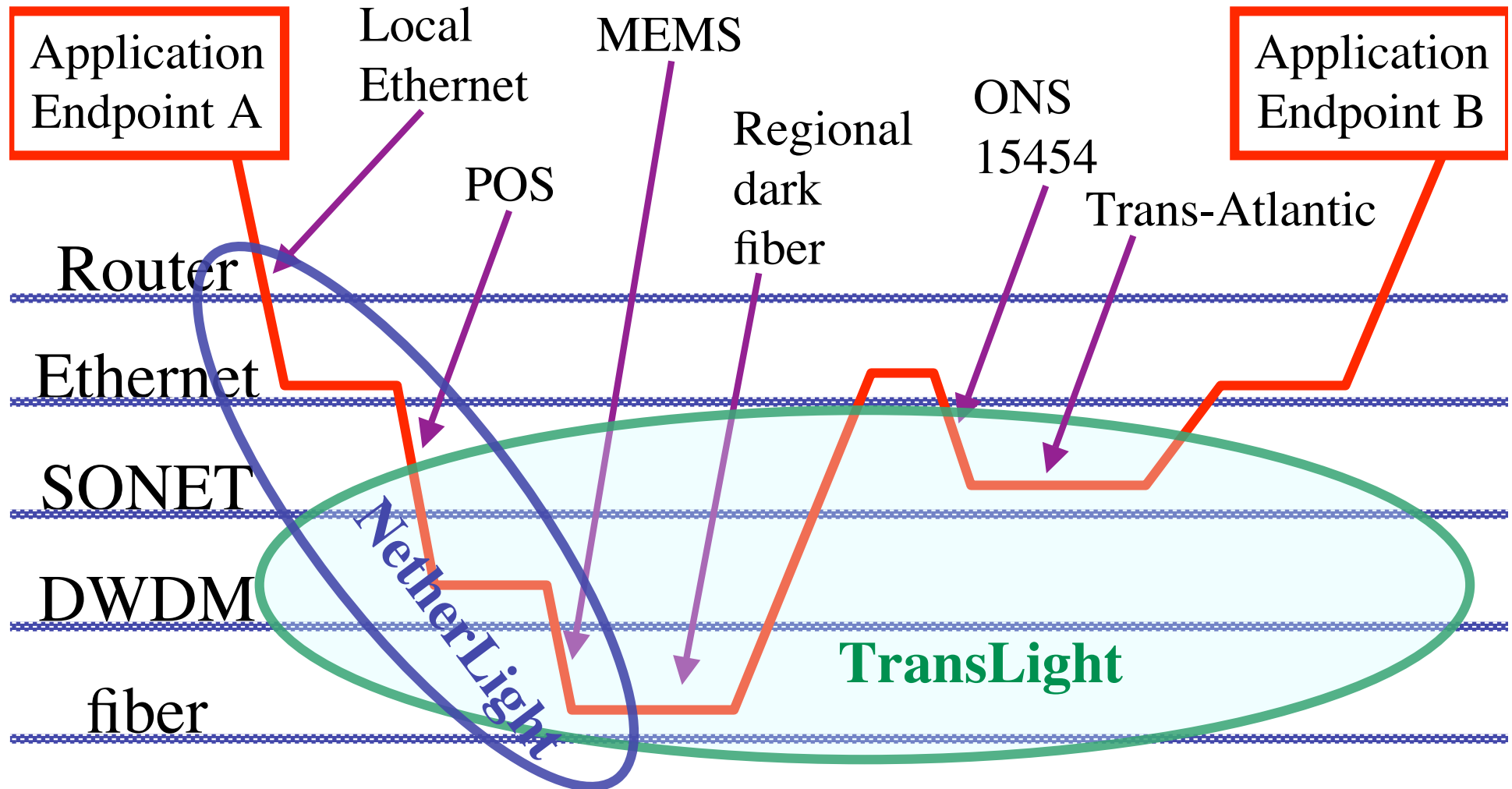


← High bandwidth app

- lambda for high bandwidth applications
 - Bypass of production network
 - Middleware may request (optical) pipe
- RATIONALE:
 - Lower the cost of transport per packet
 - Use Internet as controlplane!

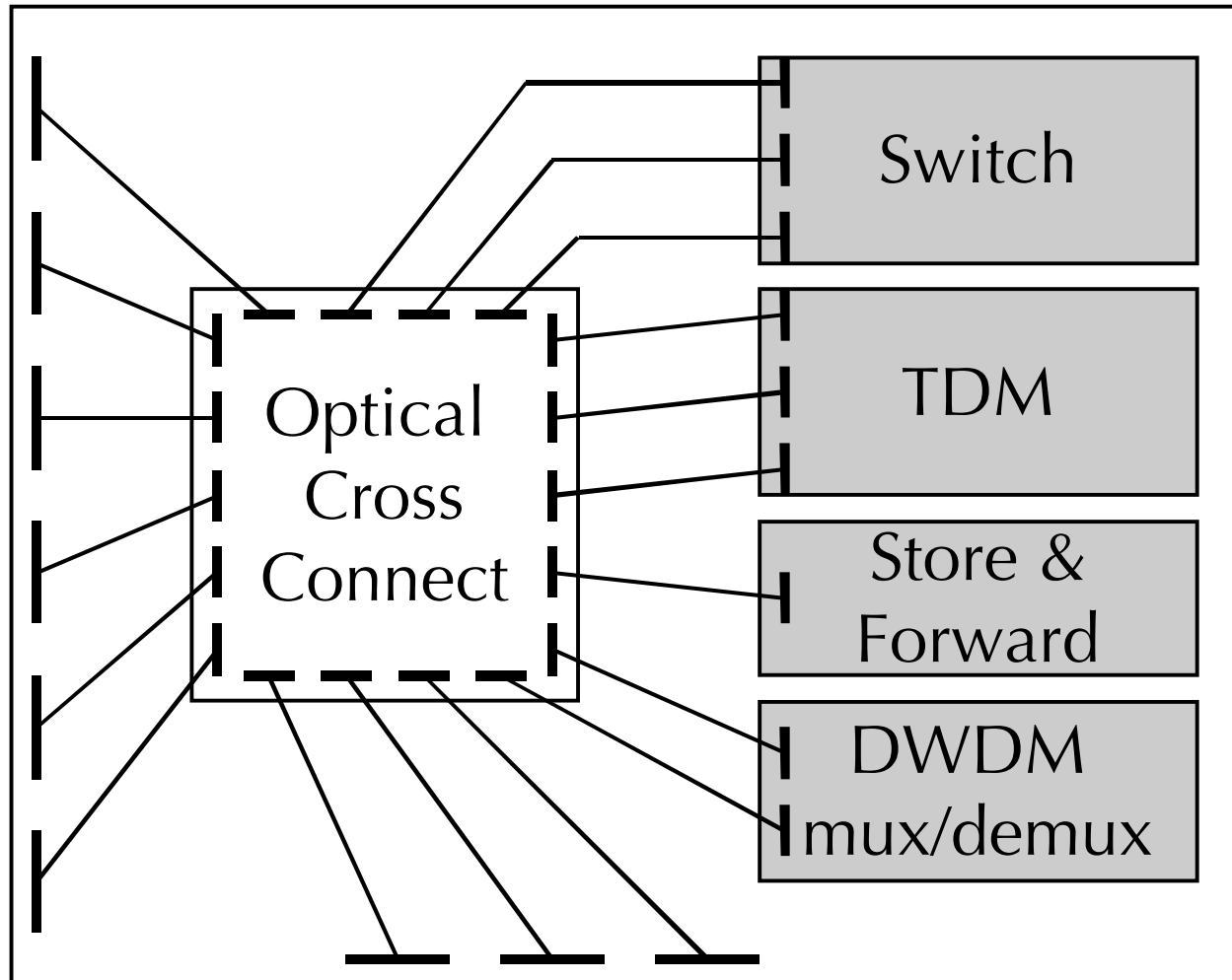


How low can you go?



Optical Exchange as Black Box

Optical Exchange



See Nov 2003 CACM For Articles on OptIPuter Technologies

The **OptIPuter**: A Revolutionary LambdaGrid Networking Architecture to Support Data-Intensive e-Science Research

Learn about the **OptIPuter** by reading the November 2003 issue of the Communications of the ACM in these articles:

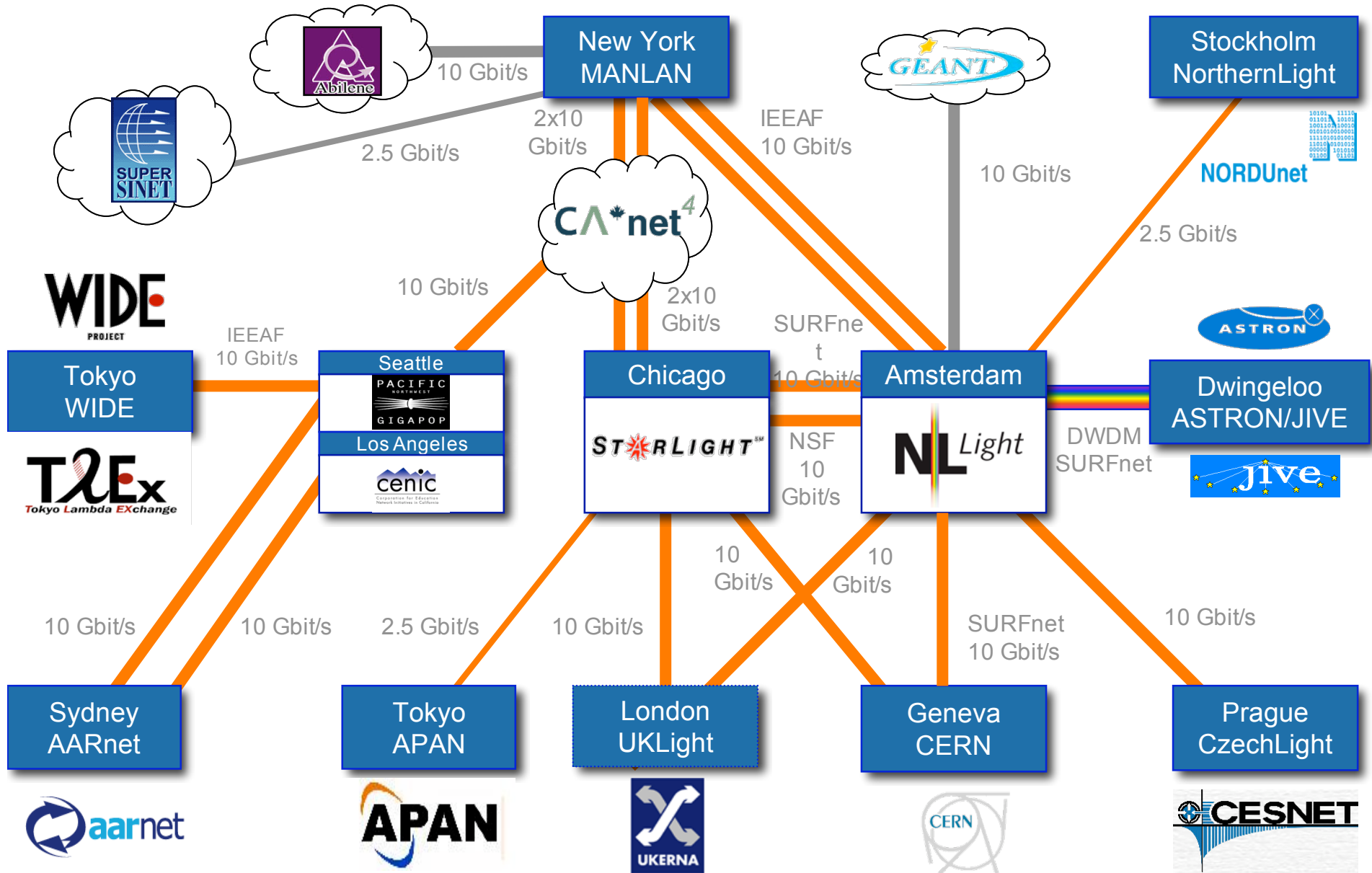


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Global Lambda Integrated Facility 3Q2004

GigaPort

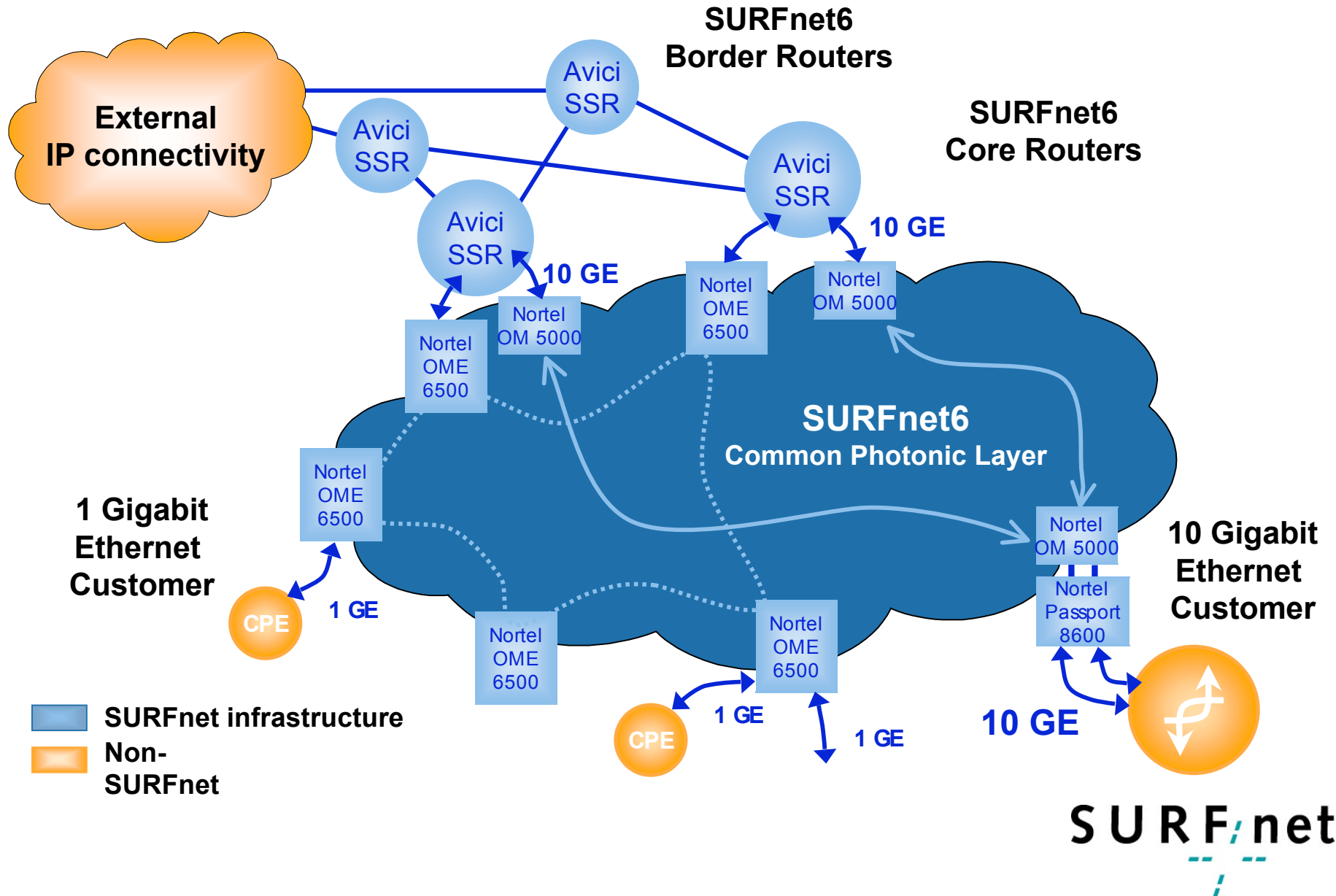


SURFnet6 on dark fiber

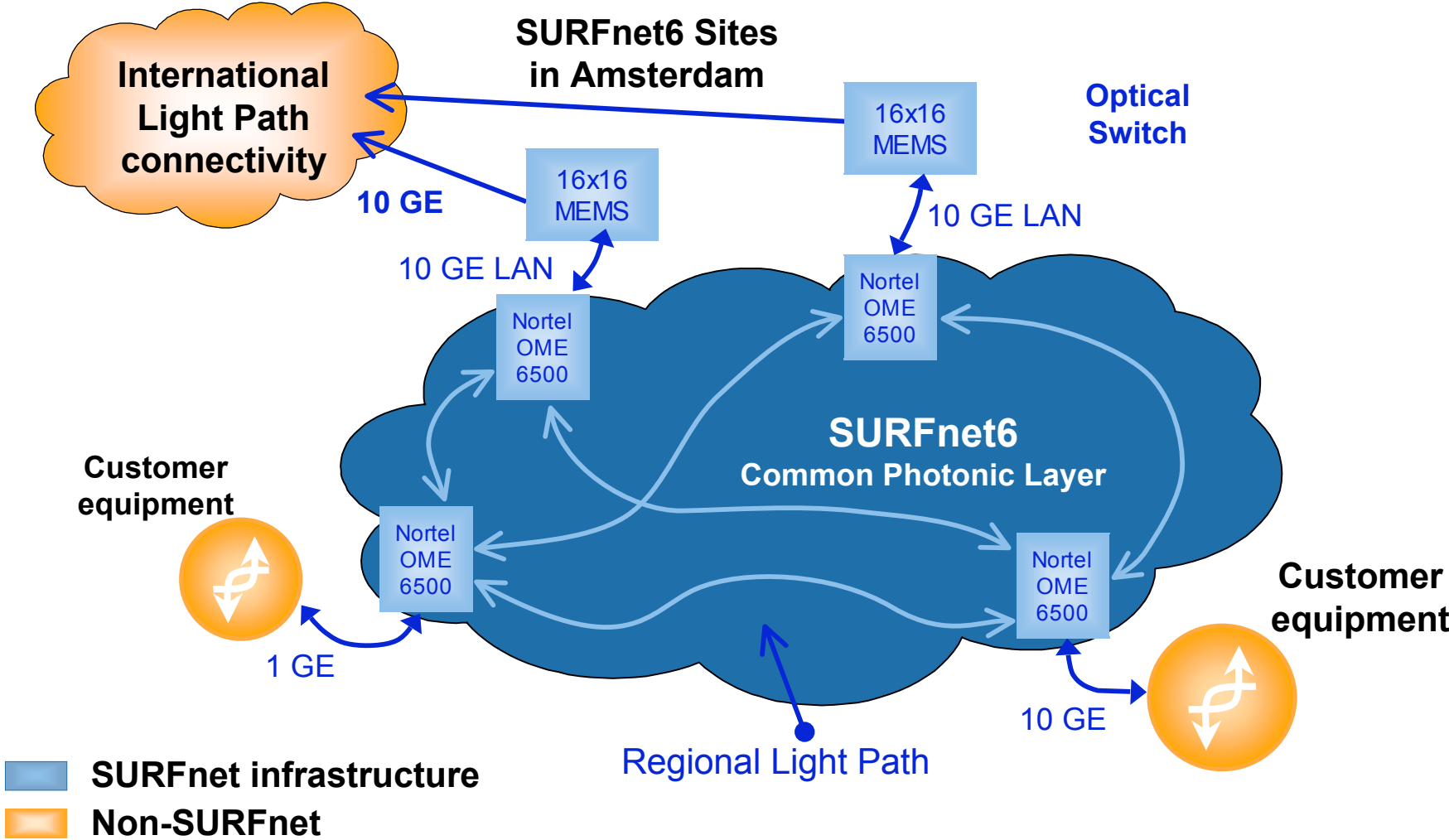


- SURFnet6 will be entirely based on own dark fiber
- Over 5300 km fiber pairs available today; average price paid for 15 year IRUs: < 6 EUR/meter per pair
- Managed dark fiber infrastructure will be extended with new routes, to be ready for SURFnet6

IP network implementation



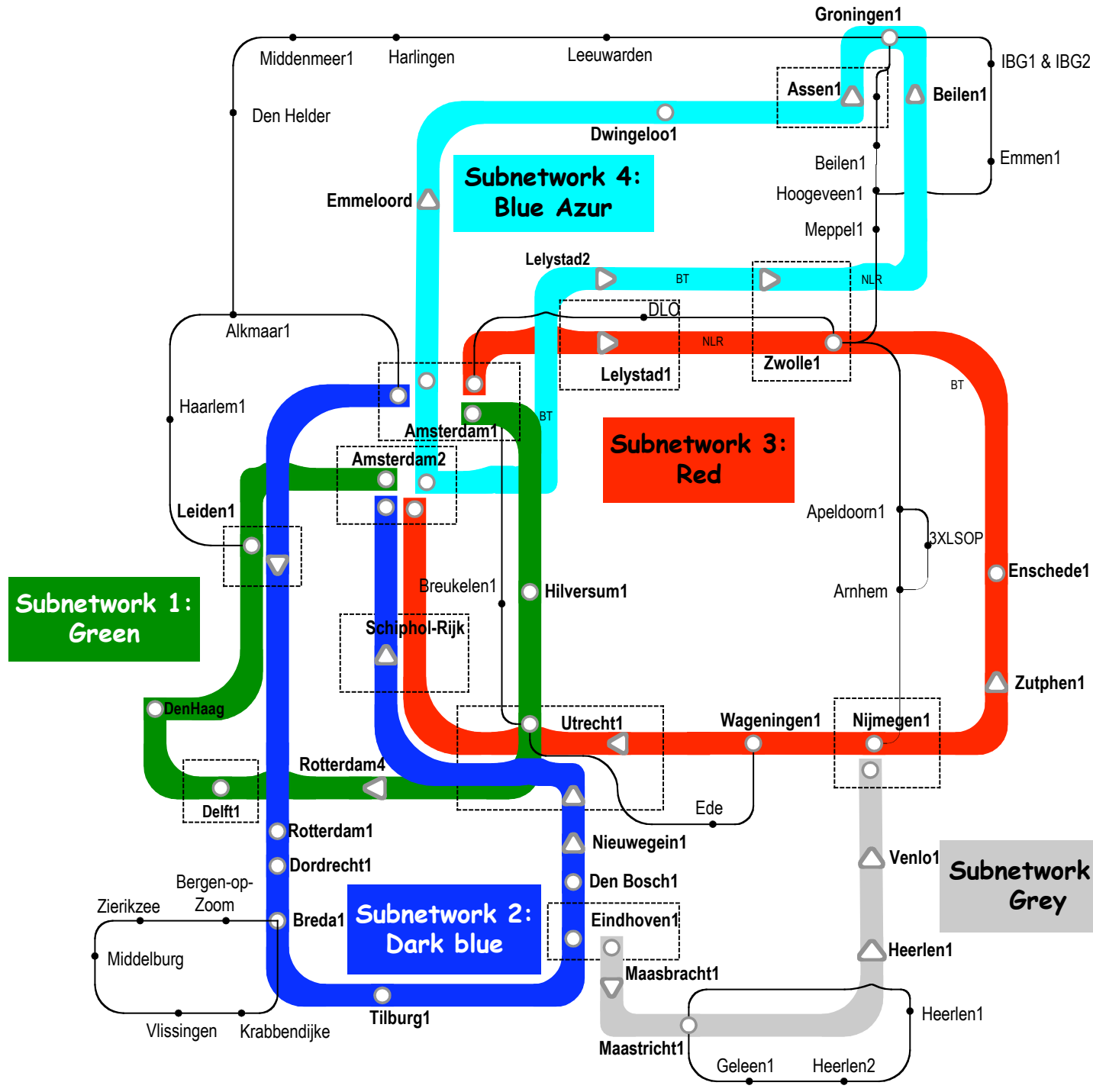
Light Paths provisioning implementation



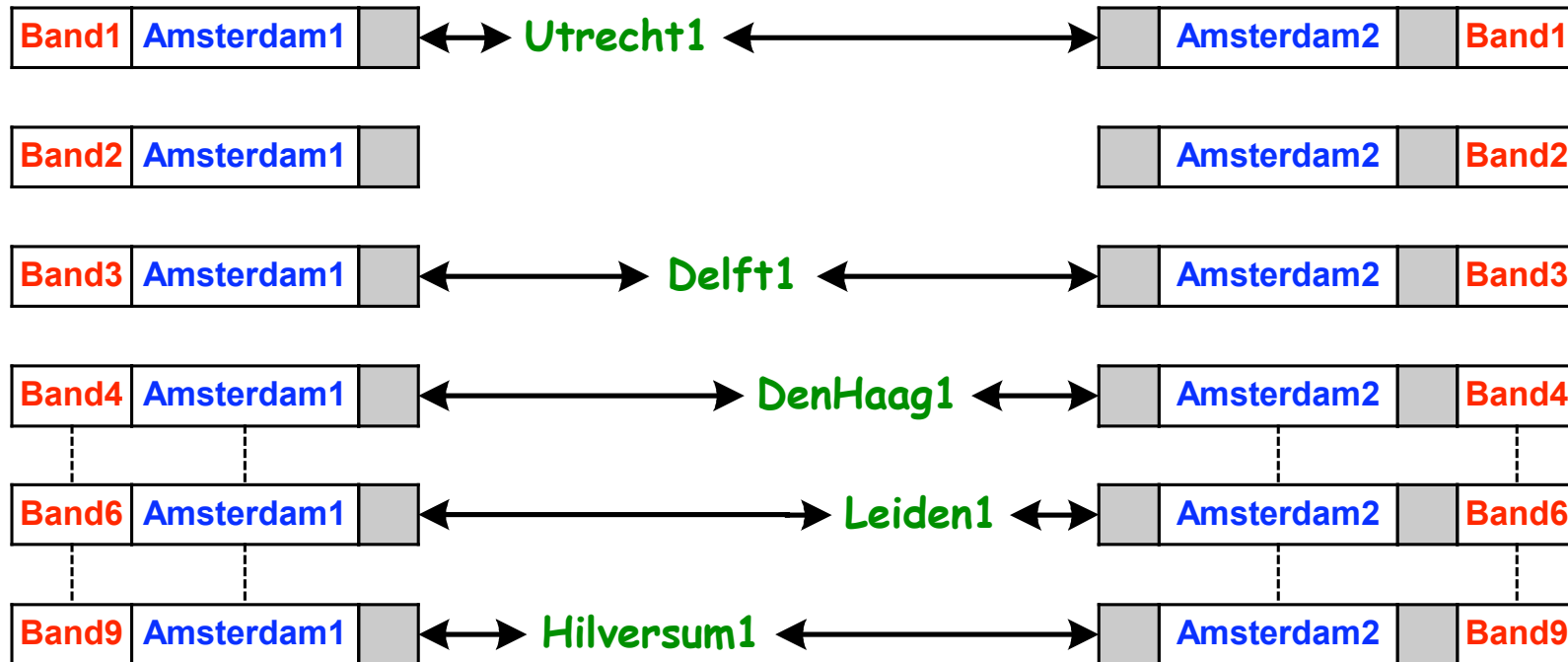
GigaPort

Common Photonic Layer (CPL) in SURFnet6

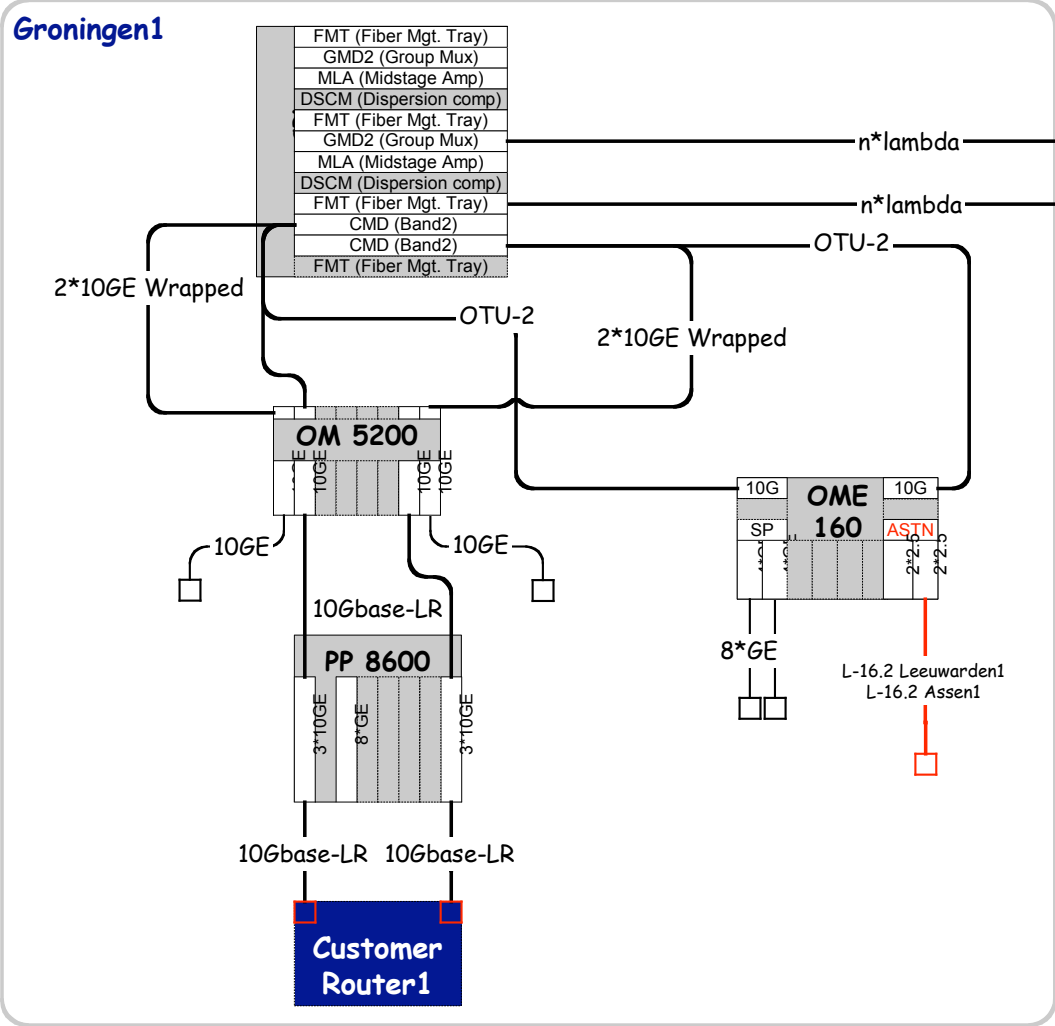
SURFnet



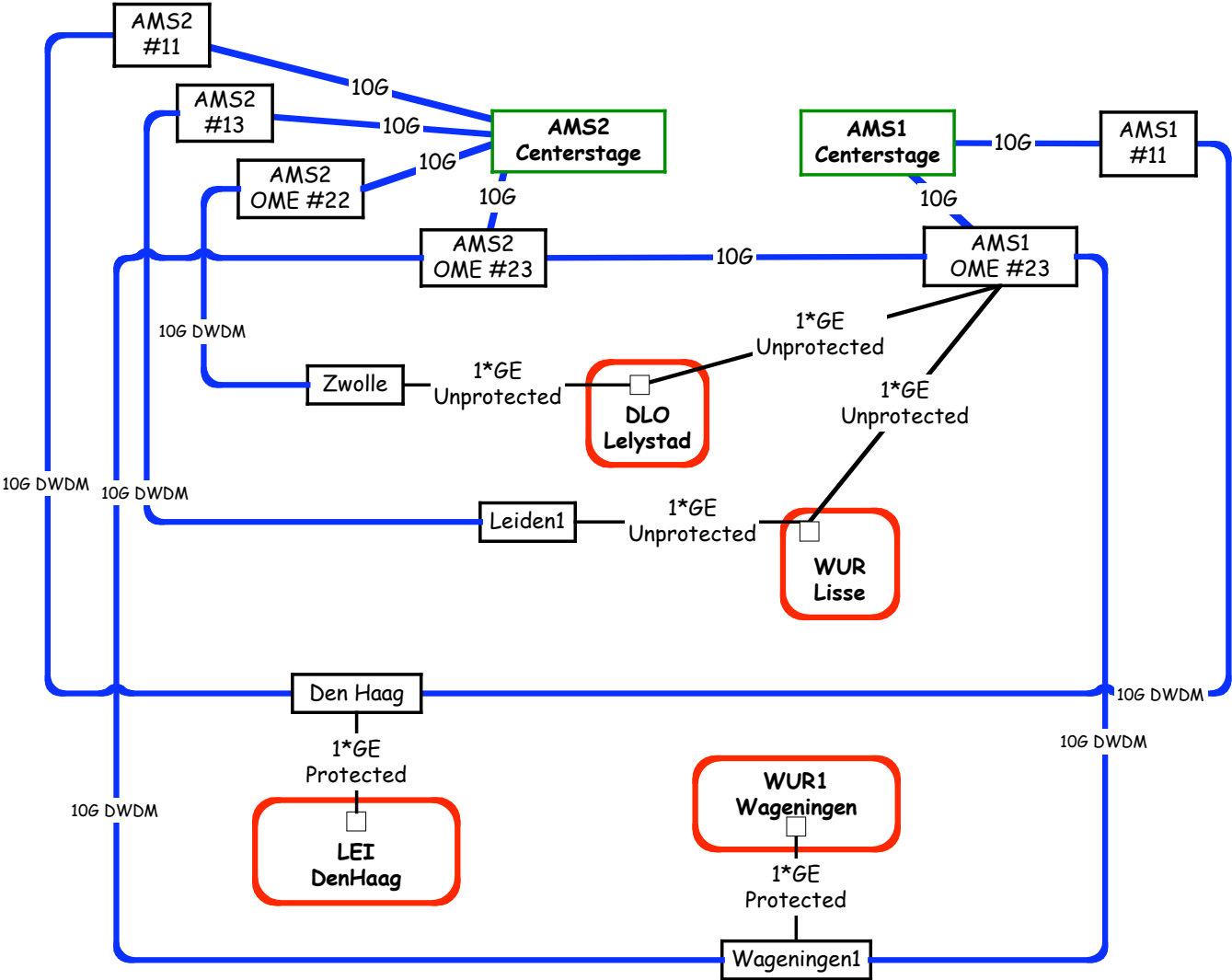
Subnetwork 1: Green

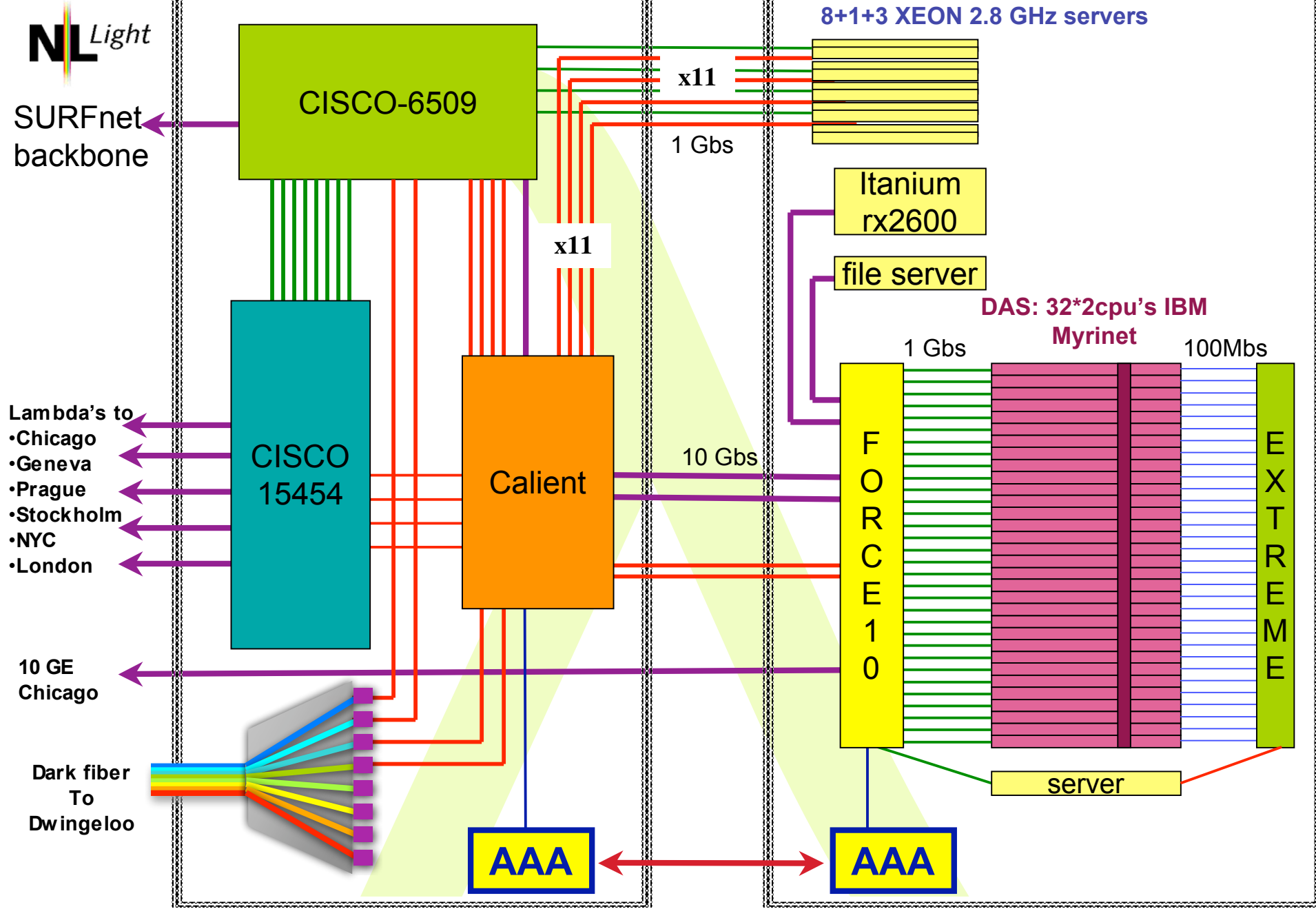


Groningen1 PoP infrastructure

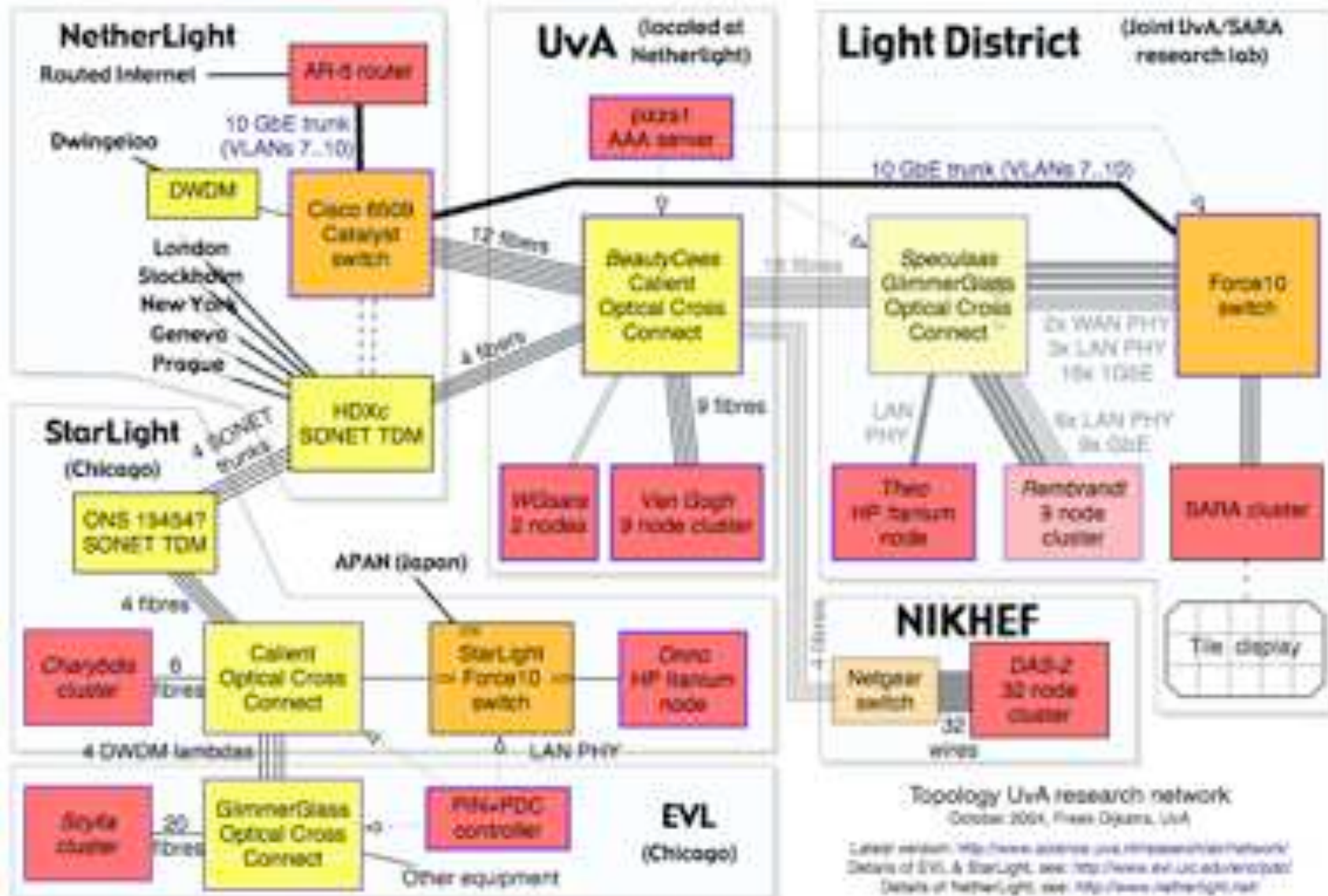


Optical Private Network (OPN): WUR





LightDistrict



- **Optical Networking:** What innovation in architectural models, components, control and light path provisioning are needed to integrate dynamically configurable optical transport networks and traditional IP networks to a generic data transport platform that provides end-to-end IP connectivity as well as light path (lambda and sub-lambda) services?
- **High performance routing and switching:** What developments need to be made in the Internet Protocol Suite to support data intensive applications, and scale the routing and addressing capabilities to meet the demands of the research and higher education communities in the forthcoming 5 years?
- **Management and monitoring:** What management and monitoring models on the dynamic hybrid network infrastructure are suited to provide the necessary high level information to support network planning, network security and network management?
- **Grids and access; reaching out to the user:** What new models, interfaces and protocols are capable of empowering the (grid) user to access, and the provider to offer, the network and grid resources in a uniform manner as tools for scientific research?
- **Testing methodology:** What are efficient and effective methods and setups to test the capabilities and performance of the new building blocks and their interworking, needed for a correct functioning of a next generation network?



Research topics

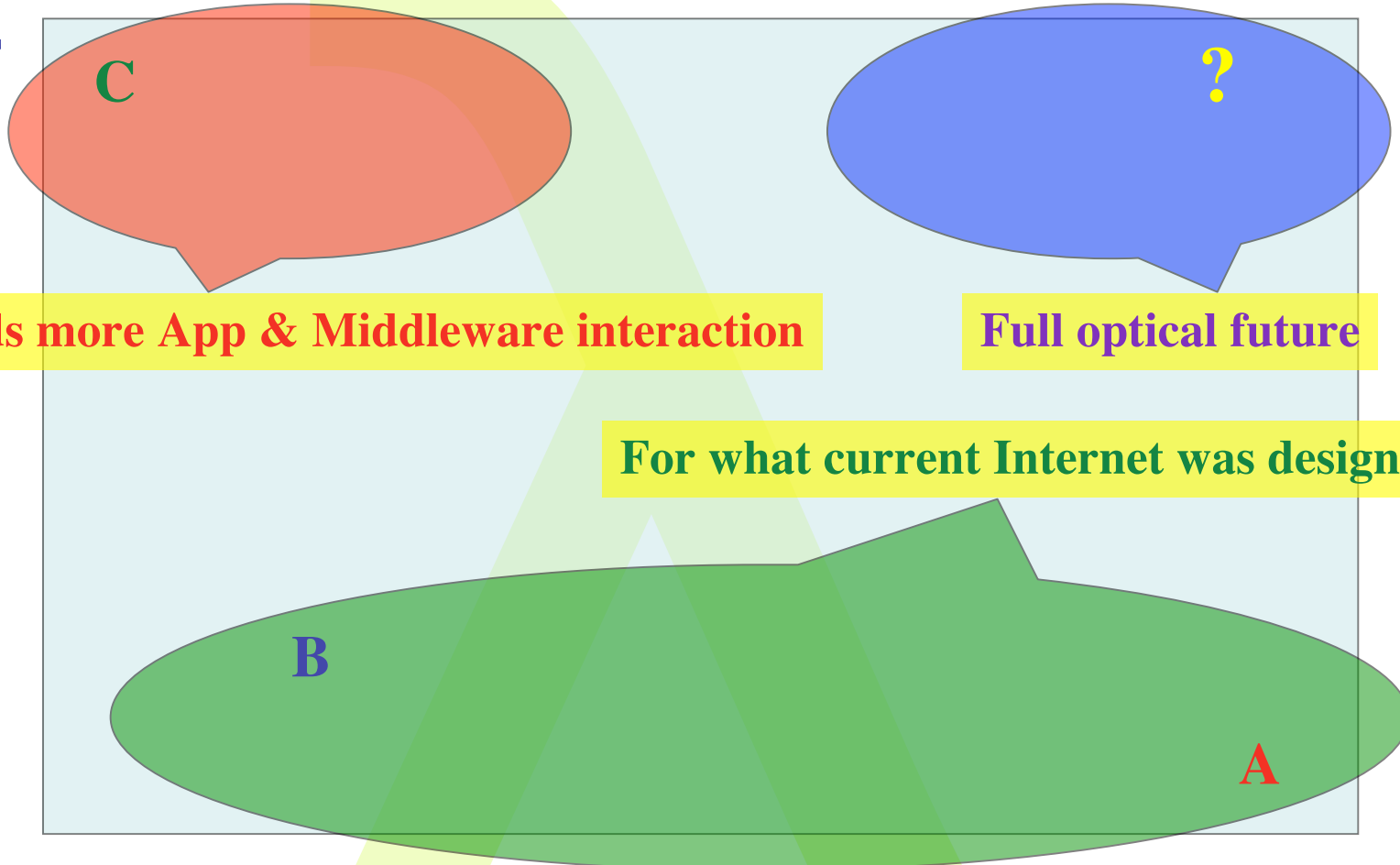
- Optical networking architectures and models for usage
- Transport protocols for massive amounts of data
- Authorization of complex resources in multiple domains
- Embedding in Grid environments

Conclusions

- Demanding applications
 - (Science) data repositories mirroring
 - Instrumentation grids
 - Visualisation and collaboration support
- Model of Lambda networking
 - Identify traffic types
 - Scales of infrastructure
 - Map efficiently to lower the cost/packet
- Current experiments
 - NetherLight
 - VLE/eScience Amsterdam
 - Networking research
(control plane, transport protocols, optical net models)

Transport in the corners

$BW * RTT$



Needs more App & Middleware interaction

Full optical future

For what current Internet was designed

$\# \text{ FLOWS}$

The END

Thanks to

SURFnet: Kees Neggers, UIC&iCAIR: Tom DeFanti, Joel Mambretti, CANARIE: Bill St. Arnaud

Freek Dijkstra, Hans Blom, Leon Gommans, Bas van oudenaarde, Arie Taal, Pieter de Boer, Bert Andree, Martijn de Munnik, Antony Antony, Rob Meijer, VL-team.

RESERVED

Case
Delaat

3/12/2003

9:00 AM - 3:00 PM
Wednesday



SURFnet

sara
Computing & Networking Services