

Grid networking in EU DataGRID



TERENA conference

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on behalf of

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Contents of this talk

- To save time: Wait and see

European DataGRID project

- The EDG project <http://www.eu-datagrid.org/> aims to provide production quality testbeds, using real-world applications with real data:
 - High Energy Physics
 - process the huge amount of data from LHC experimentations
 - Biology and Medical Imaging
 - sharing of genomic databases for the benefit of international cooperation
 - processing of medical images for medical collaborations
 - Earth Observations
 - access and analysis of atmospheric ozone data collected by satellites as Envisat-1
- Calendar : january 2001 to december 2003
- Funded by the European Union



EDG - Partners

- CERN – France
- CNRS – France
 - Testbed (WP6)
 - Network (WP7)
 - Bio application (WP10)
- ESA/ESRIN – Italy
- INFN – Italy
- NIKHEF – The Netherlands
- PPARC - UK

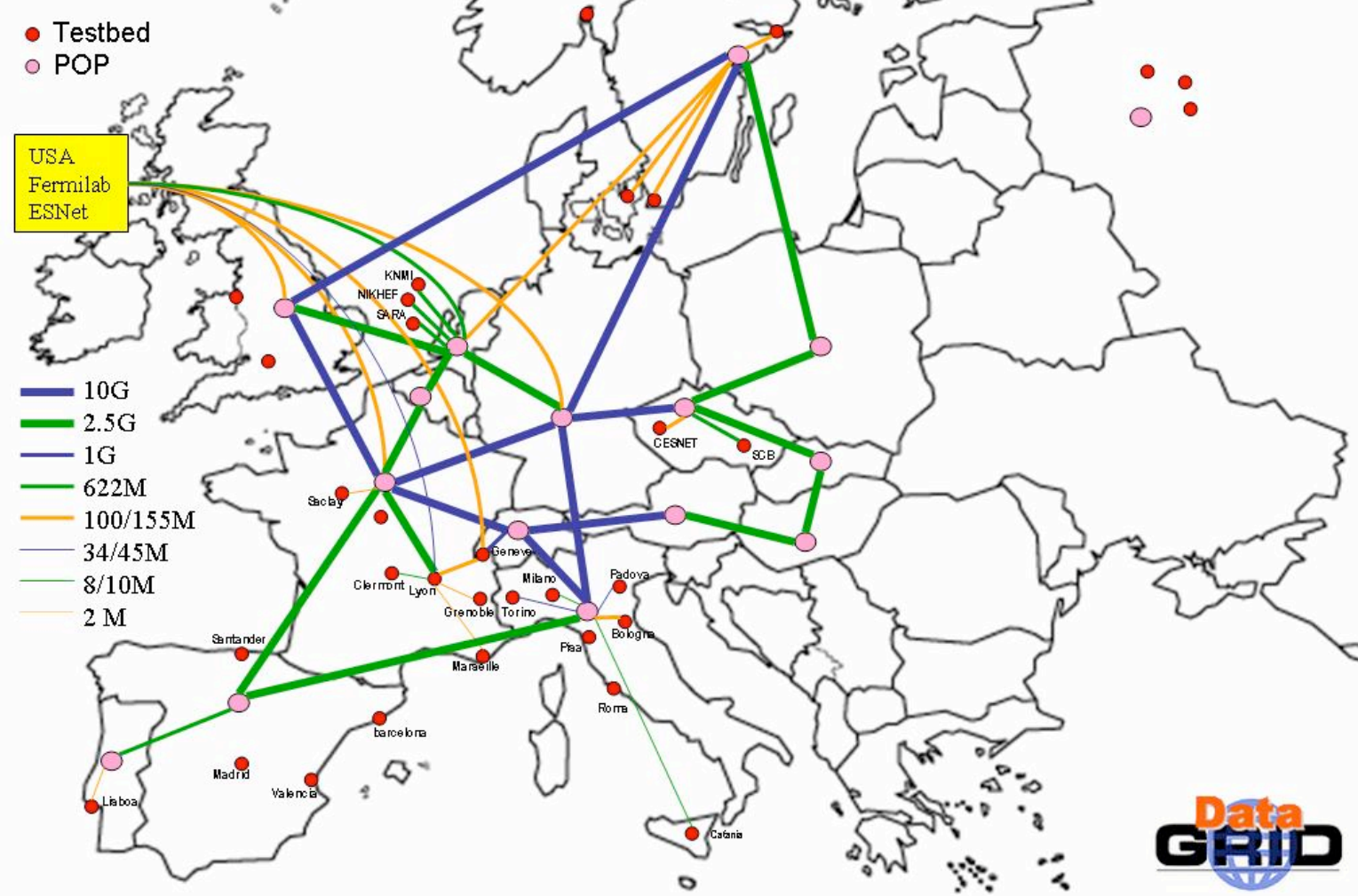


European DataGRID project

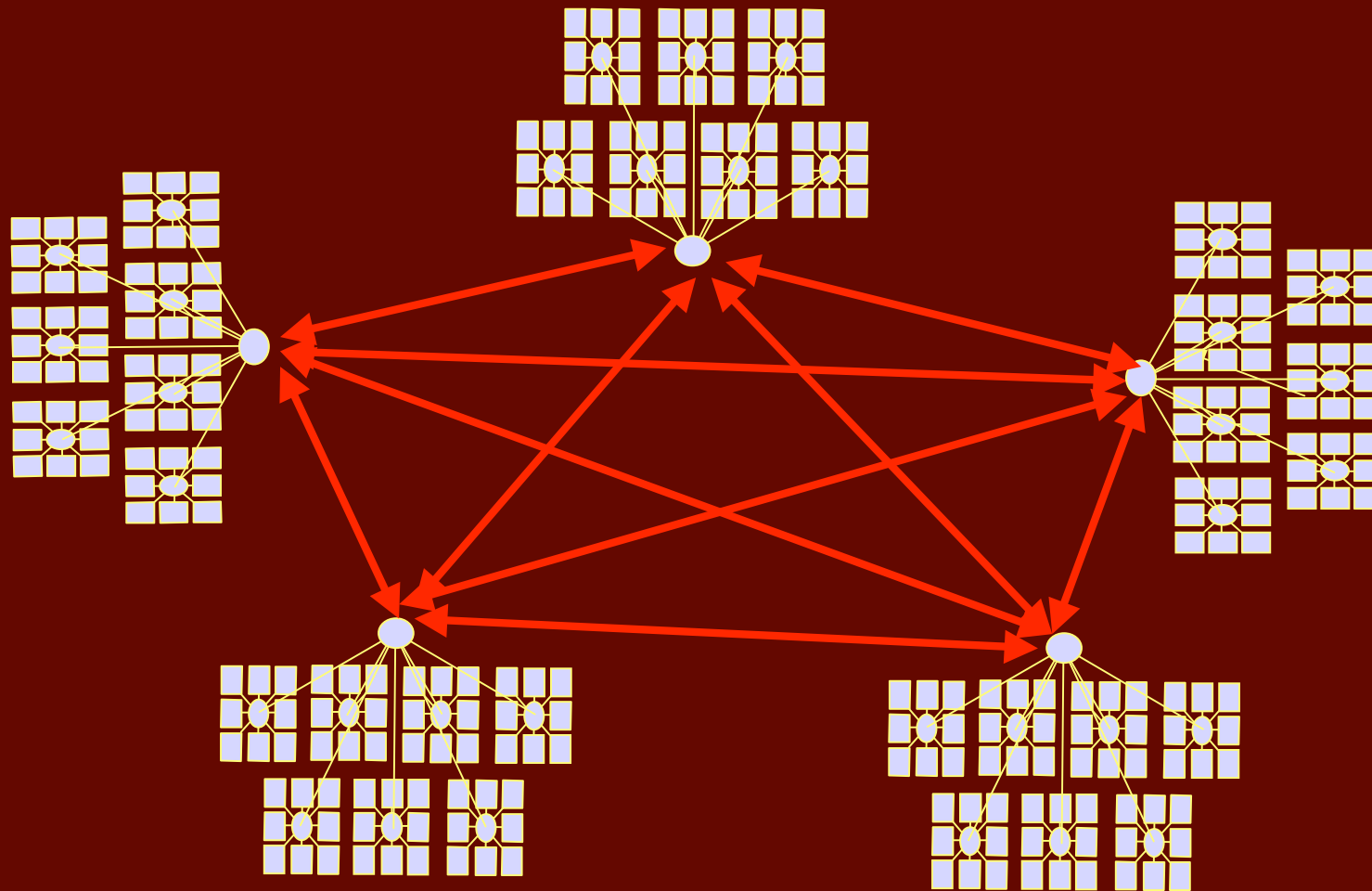
- 7 applications distributed among 6 virtual organisations
- 11 organisations over 15 countries
- 40 sites in Europe
- Based on the European GEANT backbone and National NREN's

<http://ccwp7.in2p3.fr>

DataGRID Network
19 December 2001



Logical view of the Grid Network



EDG WP7 activities

T7.1 : Technical Collaboration with Dante/NRENs

- Pilot services test (QoS, multicast)
- Dedicated machines in GEANT PoPs

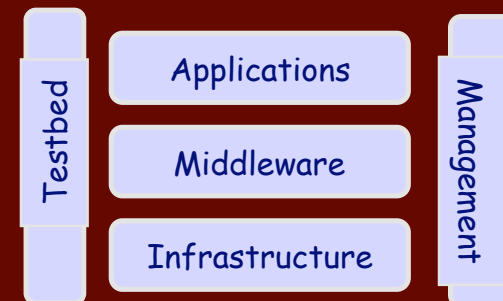
T7.2 : QoS and advanced services

- QoS services test with biological/medical applications
- Reliable Multicast Protocol test and deployment
- High performance transport protocol (TCP/nonTCP)

T7.3 : Network Monitoring Architecture

- Design and deploy a Network Monitoring Infrastructure
- Visualize and analyze monitoring data

T7.4 : Security => EDG Security team



Collaboration with GEANT

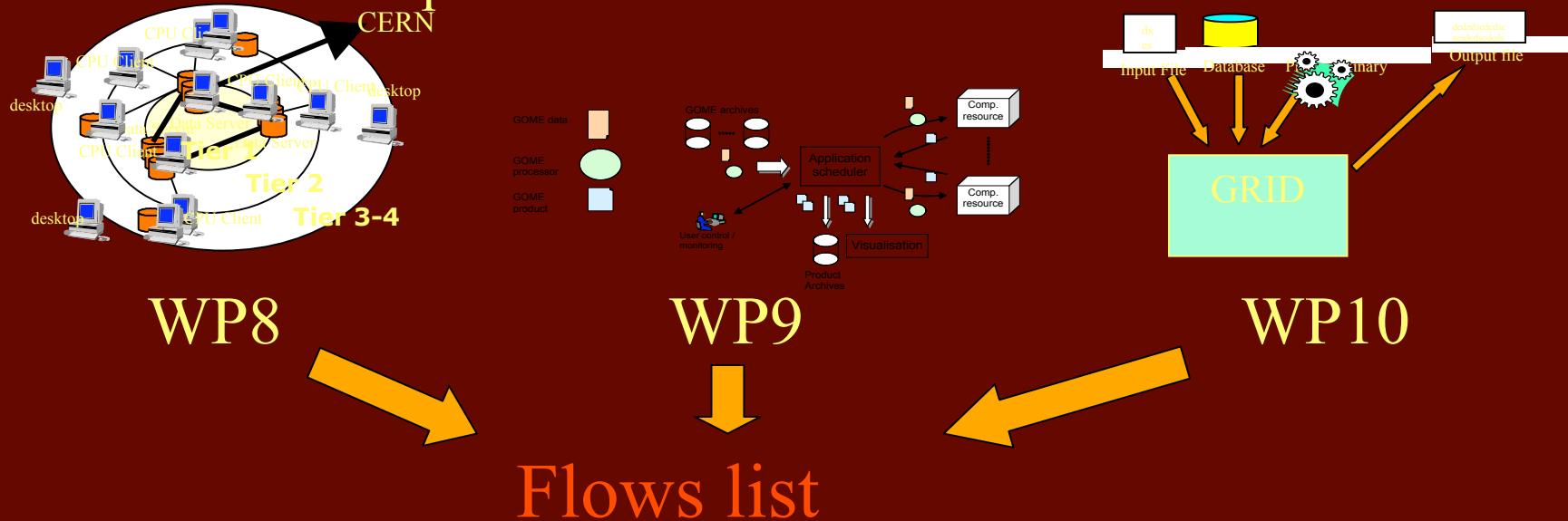
- E2E : Close participation to pilot services
 - Test of IP Premium service/WP10
- In Backbone : *(our proposal)*
 - Use of dedicated machines in GEANT POPs
 - Amsterdam, Geneva, London
 - Tests of high throughput transfers
 - Test of IP multicast for Reliable Multicast
 - Sharing WP7 monitoring and DANTE monitoring data

Network provisioning

- Network Requirements studies
 - Application Requirements (WP8, WP9, WP10)
 - Middleware Requirements
- Physical Networks
 1. GEANT : 2.5 Gbps to 10 Gbps
 2. NRENs : from 155Mbps (or less) to 2.5Gbps
 3. Regional networks: from 2Mbps to 155Mbps
 4. Local Area Networks : from 10Mbps to 1Gbps)
- Is a « Virtual Private Network » required for the DataGRID ?
 - concept definition / VPN technologies review
- See our D7.1 document on WP7 EDG site

Application requirement studies

Top down stream identification



N°	Name	Application	WP	Type	Transfert volume (Mbytes)	Frequency (in days)	Average bitrate (Kbit/s)	constraints	Observations
1	Monté Carlo Data Réplication	LHCb	8	gridftp	30 000	24	66 667		
2	ENVISAT Data from ground station to storage centre	METEO	9	tcp	5 000 000	0	66 138		
3					10	86 400	80 000		

Some numbers

- HEP applications:
 - Bulk Data transfer : from 100Mb/s (TB1) to 1Gb/s cont. (TB3)
- Medical applications:
 - Interactive Traffic with burst of more than 1Gbyte
 - Real Time High Performance Vizualisation/Simulations

Network performances measurement (1)

For Provisioning:

- To be available, via visualization to human observer (user, network/system administrators)
- To provide tools for network performances measurement, problems identification and resolution (bottlenecks, point of unreliability, quality of service needs, topology...)
- To achieve network performance forecast and optimization – Capacity planning

Network performances measurement (2)

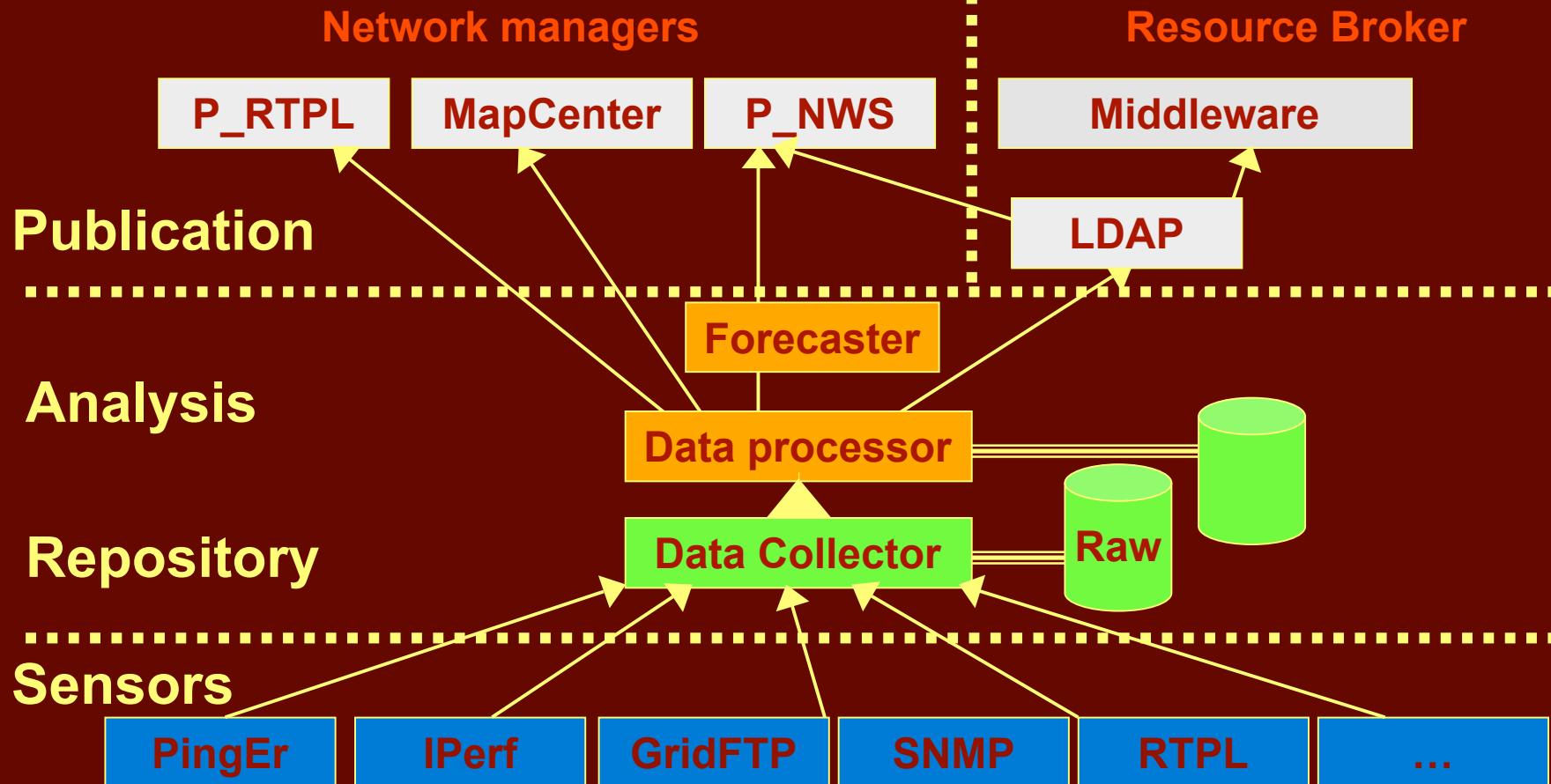
For Resource Brokers:

- Network performance parameters are used for optimizing resource allocation (replication, MPI, Remote file access...)
- Network performance metrics must
 - be published to the Grid Information System
 - Be accessible through aggregated functions called by Grid resource broker services (computing and data storage).

Architectural design

- four functional units :
 - monitoring tools or sensors
 - a repository for collected data;
 - the means for data analysis to generate network metrics;
 - the means to access and to use the derived metrics.
- See our D7.2 document on WP7 EDG site

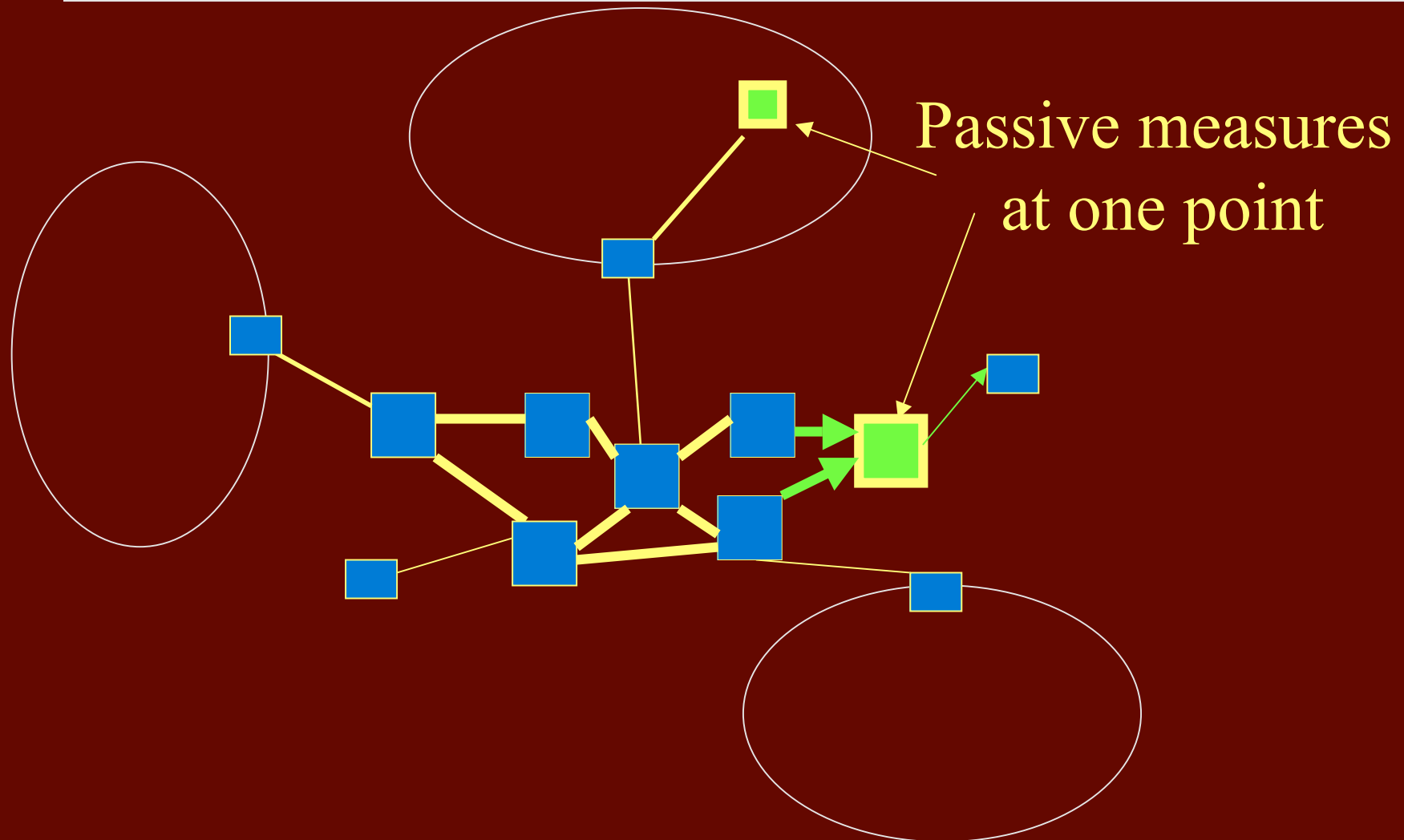
Network Monitoring Architecture



Measurement methods

- Active methods
 - Injection of traffic inside the network for testing performances between two points
 - problem: may be intrusive (TCP/UDP throughput)
- Passive methods
 - Collect traffic informations in one point of the network : router, switch, dedicated passive host, computing element or storage element (GRIDftp logs)...
 - Problem : give network usage, not capacity

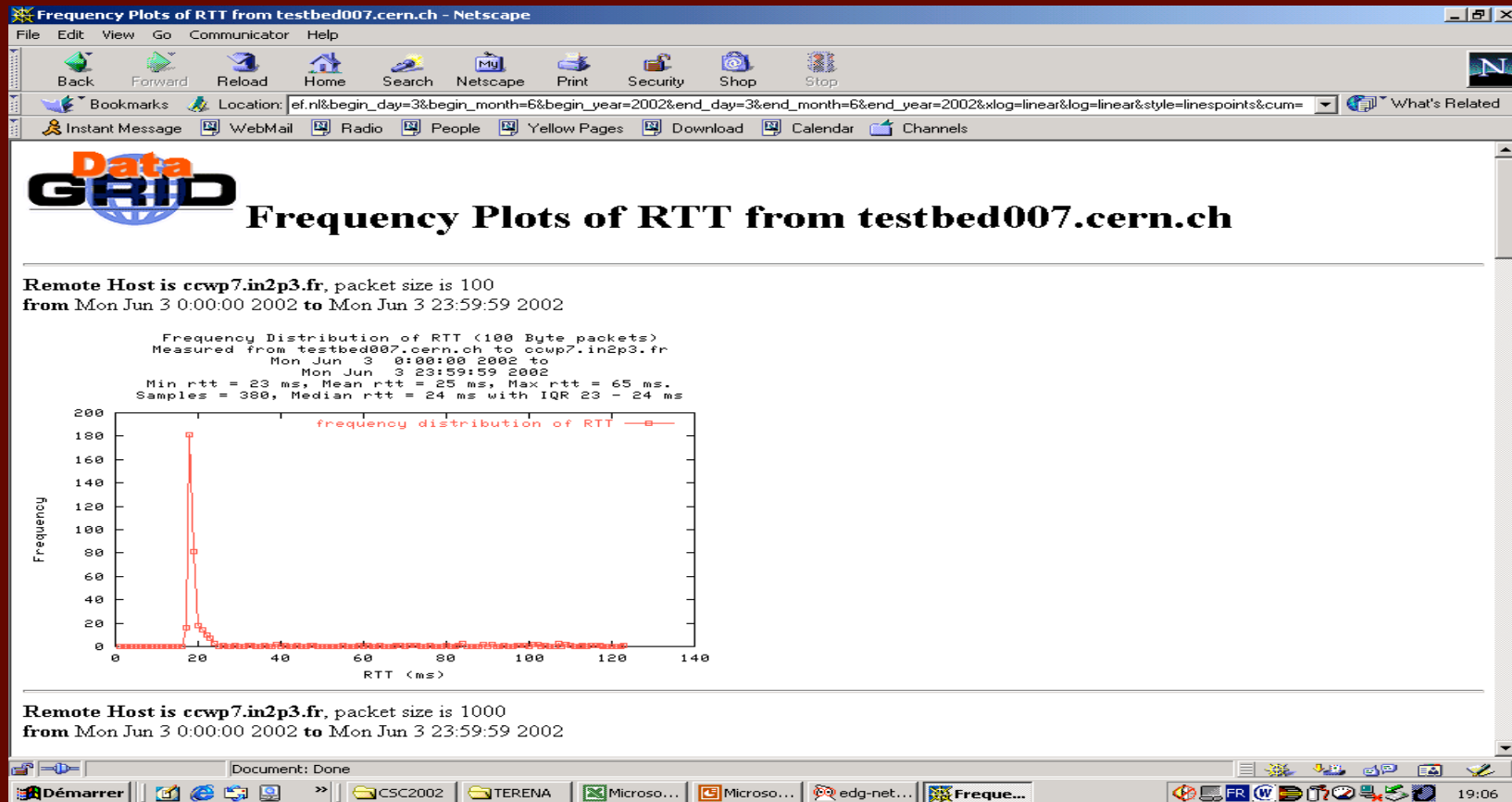
Passive measurement



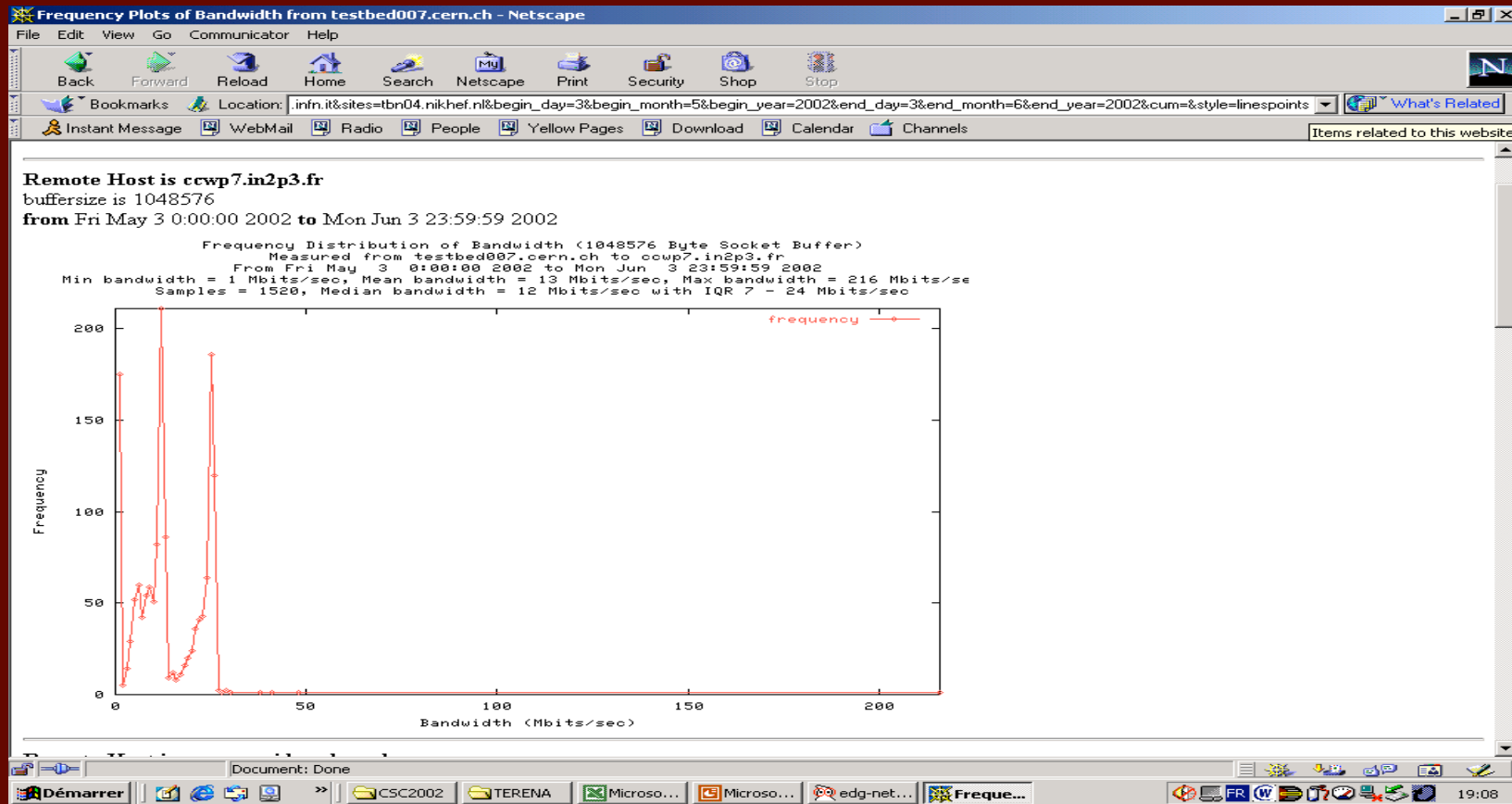
Metrics and tools

- Round Trip Delay => PinGER (Lyon->nikhef)
- Packet Loss => PinGER (Lyon->nikhef)
- TCP throughput => IPerfER (nikhef -> Ral)
- UDP throughput => UDPMon (CZ->Cern)
- site connectivity => MapCenter
- service availability => MapCenter
- OneWay metrics => RIEnc test boxes
- End user performance => RTPL (UvA)

PingER results



IPerfER Results



Schema and LDAP backend

- Grid applications/mw are able to access network monitoring metrics via LDAP services according to a defined LDAP schema.
- LDAP back end to make measurements visible through the Globus GIS/GRIS system has been developed.
 - that fetch, or have pushed, the current metric information from the local network monitoring data store.
- R-GMA is tested as an alternative solution to Globus MDS

<http://ccwp7.in2p3.fr/mapcenter>

Network Cost functions

Network metrics published in LDAP repositories are used by resource brokers and replica managers through network cost functions :

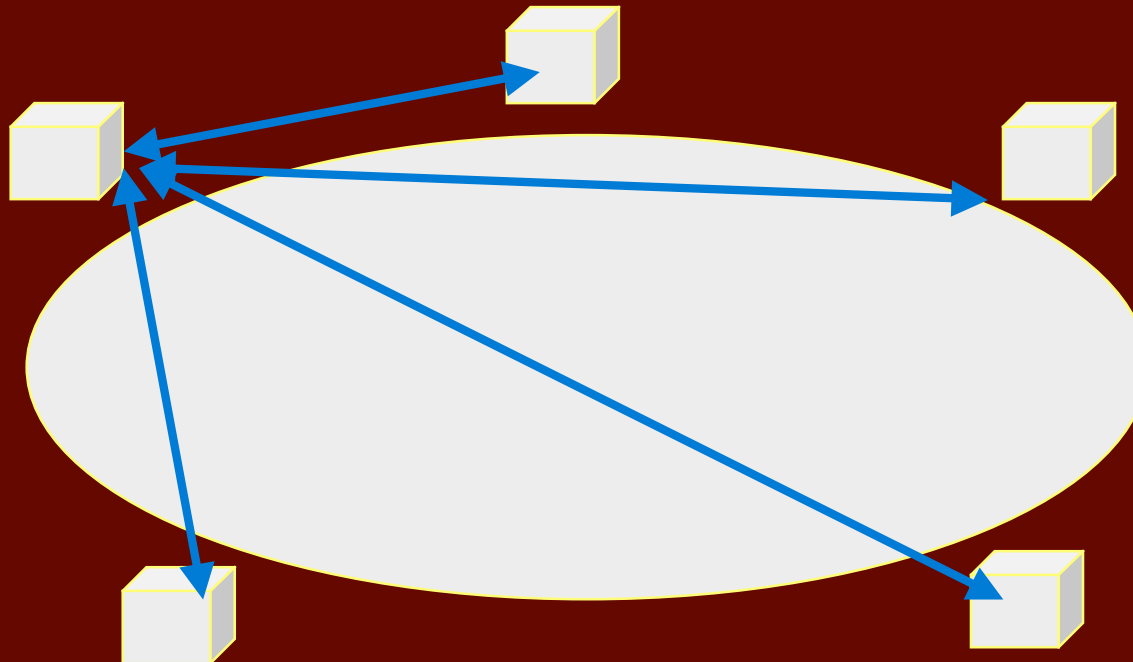
Time = networkCost (SE1, SE2, filesize)

Computed from

1. GridFTP logs
2. *TCP throughput measurements (aggregated)*
3. RTT Measurements (aggregated)

EDG Network Cost Function

Network Element \Rightarrow Network COST function



EDG MapCenter Tool

- Connectivity of sites
- Availability of services running over all sites involved
- Efficient and flexible model to logically and graphically represent all communities, organization, applications running over grids.
- MapCenter enables representation of any level of abstraction (national and international organizations, virtual organizations, application etc) needed by grid environments.
- <http://ccwp7.in2p3.fr/mapcenter>

Network and Transport Services

- QoS:
 - Demonstrate and build experience in use of E2E diffserv services in Grid context
 - Feedback experiences to GEANT/DANTE, NRENs and LANs
- Transport
 - High performance transport protocols
 - Reliable multicast protocols tests

High Performance Transport

TCP mechanisms optimization

- Tests of applicability of new mechanisms
- Use of QoS solutions
 - diminution of Packet Loss
 - Active queue management (WRED, ECN)
 - TCP over DiffServ (AF, EF, PDS, EDS...)
- Reliable Multicast Protocol
 - Test and deployment of JRMS and TRAM

WP7 and other collaborations

- WP7 and EU DataTAG collaboration
 - QoS service study and experiment
 - High Throughput study and experiment
 - Network monitoring and measurement
- GGF
 - GHPN research group
- Other European Grid projects (FR e-toile, UK e-science, INFN grid...)

Conclusion

- In testbed0 and testbed1 the networking functionality was here
 - IP technology: Best effort
 - GEANT has been deployed
 - A Performance Measurement Architecture developed
- In testbed 2 and testbed 3
 - Grid application performance optimization
 - End to end performance analysis
 - Test and provide enhanced network and transport services : Premium, Scavenger, Multicast

For more information

- Consult our sites:
 - <http://ccwp7.in2p3.fr>
 - <http://eu-datagrid.web.cern.ch>